

Operation Manual

Software

FanTestic

(STS-P 71-3

(EN13829

Belgium)



FanTestic
Retrotec's Building Air Leakage Test software

- ✓ Fully compliant with STS-P 71-3, ASTM E779, USACE Protocol, CGSB, ATTMA, EN13829, ISO9972 variants
- ✓ Manual data entry or fully automatic data capture
- ✓ Generate reports in MS Word from captured readings or output directly to MS Excel
- ✓ ASTM has cost of air leakage analysis, ventilation and natural air-change calculations
- ✓ Automatic updating over the Internet (requires an internet connection)

Computer requirements:

- ✓ Computer running MS Windows (XP or later)
- ✓ For report generation - Microsoft Word (2007 or later)
- ✓ For Data Export – Microsoft Excel (2007 or later)

Automatic data collection requires:

- ✓ A Retrotec gauge and door fan (or other manufacturer fan with Retrotec fan speed control adapter)
- ✓ Using DM-2 gauge requires USB2.0 port and installation of DM2 Driver software
- ✓ Using DM32 gauge requires Ethernet port (or USB2.0 port with DM32 Driver software)

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1 Getting Started



FanTestic is software designed to capture data and calculate results required for the analysis of building energy leakage based on one of a number of published Test Standards.

You can carry out the building leakage tests using a gauge, fan and door panel and capture the readings on paper to later enter into FanTestic so the software can calculate compliance for you and generate a report in MS Word or put your test readings into MS Excel. This is called a Manual Test in this document.

Alternatively, you can use FanTestic to automatically control your gauge and fan to carry out the test by stepping through the required induced pressure target points and capturing data according to the Test Standard, again with the ability to generate a report or Excel data. This is called an Automatic Test in this document.

A Semi-Automatic mode is also included if you need more control of your test at each induced pressure target point.

Be sure you are familiar with carrying out a building air leakage test before attempting to use the software – for reference you can look at the following Retrotec guides:

[Air Leakage Testing Procedures Manual](#)

Door Fan Operation Manual: [for 200, 300, 1000-3000 systems](#) [for 300, 5000-6000 systems](#)

Multiple Fan Testing (Large Buildings): [for 1000-3000 systems](#) [for 5000-6000 systems](#)

1.1 Video training

The following videos explain the steps to be taken:

- [Webinar showing FanTestic Operation](#)

The following videos are for older versions of the software but you may find them valuable in general, since many of the steps required to use the software have remained the same.

- [Webinar for FanTestic Operation including demo of Virtual Gauge software for DM32](#)
- [How to enter data from a Manual Test \(ASTM\)](#)
- [How to use FanTestic to capture data automatically \(ASTM\)](#)
- [Graphing and Saving Test Data](#)

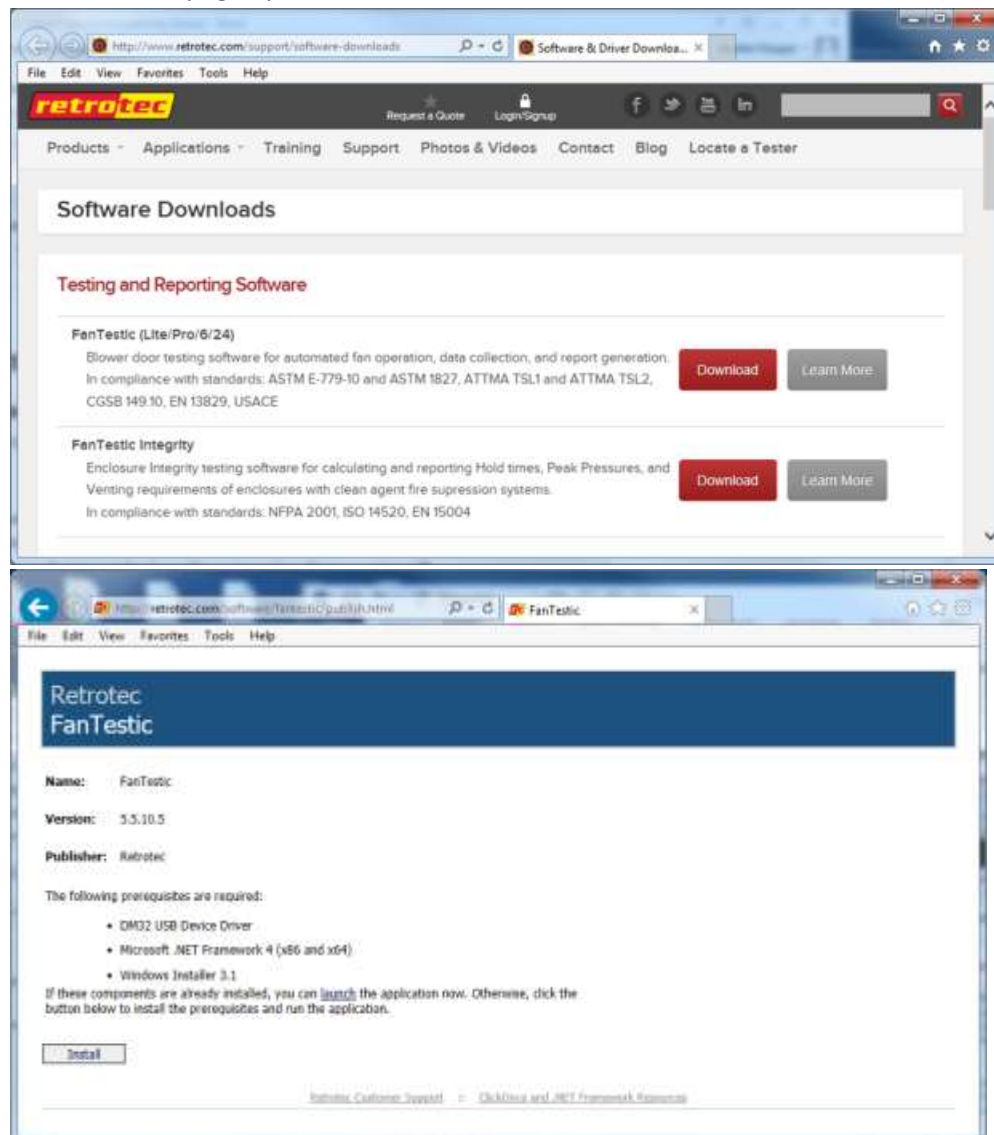
For more Retrotec videos and webinars on other topics, visit
<http://www.youtube.com/user/RetrotecEnergy>

1.2 Minimum system requirements

- Microsoft Windows O/S: XP (SP2 or greater) or newer (Vista/7/8) –current with all updates
- Processor: 1 GHz
- RAM: 1 GB
- Disk space: 600MB (32-bit) or 1.5 GB (64-bit)
- Microsoft Word: 2007/2010+ (or Word 2003 with 2007 support add-in)
- Internet connection (for automatic software updates)
- .NET 4.0 framework (will update automatically with the FanTestic installation)

1.3 Download and install FanTestic

- Go to: <http://retrotec.com/support/software-downloads>
- When the webpage opens, click on the “Download” button beside “FanTestic (Lite/Pro/6/24)”

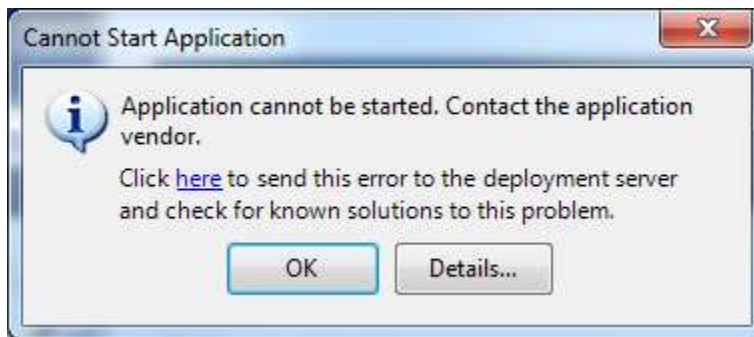


- Click the “Install” button on the window that opens.

- d) When prompted with “Do you want to run or save setup.exe?” click on the “Run” button.



- e) If not prompted, go to the Downloads menu option on your web browser and double-click on the file you have just downloaded (which is called “setup.exe”).
- f) The “Application Install – Security Warning” window will open:
- g) Click on the “Install” button.
- h) If the User Account Control (UAC) asks for permission, you must give administrator permission for the software to install the DM32 USB driver automatically.
- i)
- j) The program will install, and try to start FanTestic for you.
- k) If you have been running a previous version of FanTestic and have been using “Run As Administrator” mode, you will receive the following non-fatal message indicating that the installer cannot launch the software because FanTestic must run in Administrator mode:



- l) Just click ok and launch FanTestic as described in section 1.5.

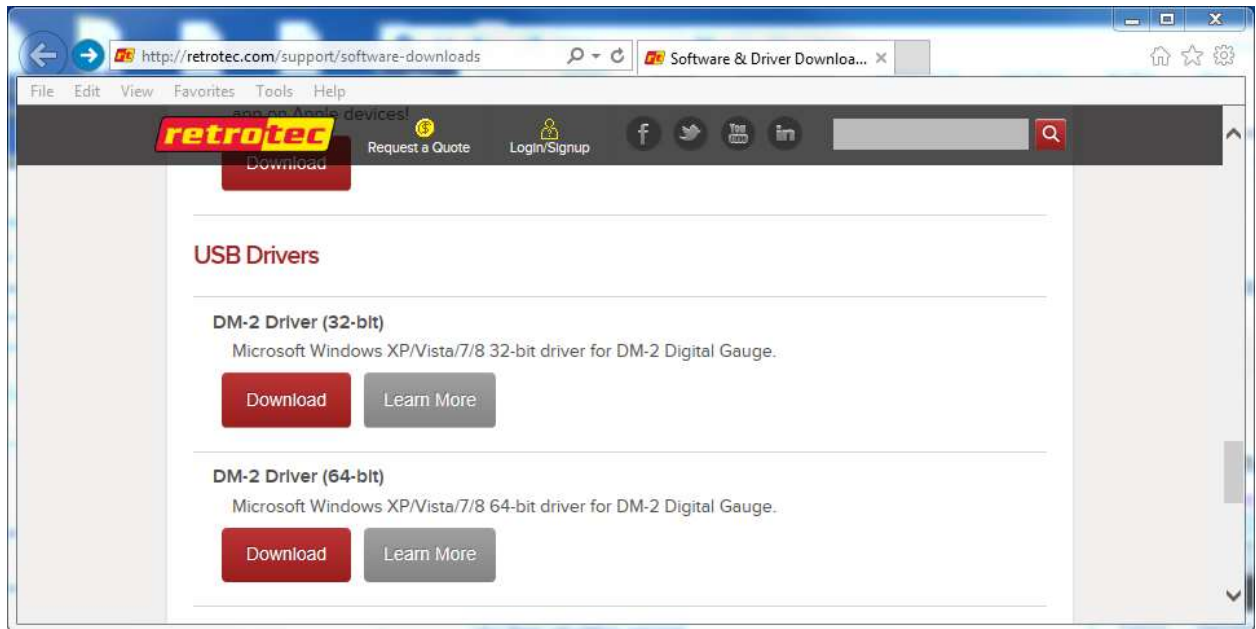
1.4 DM-2 users install a USB Driver manually

If you want to run automatic tests with a DM-2 gauge, you must download and manually install a driver for the USB port.

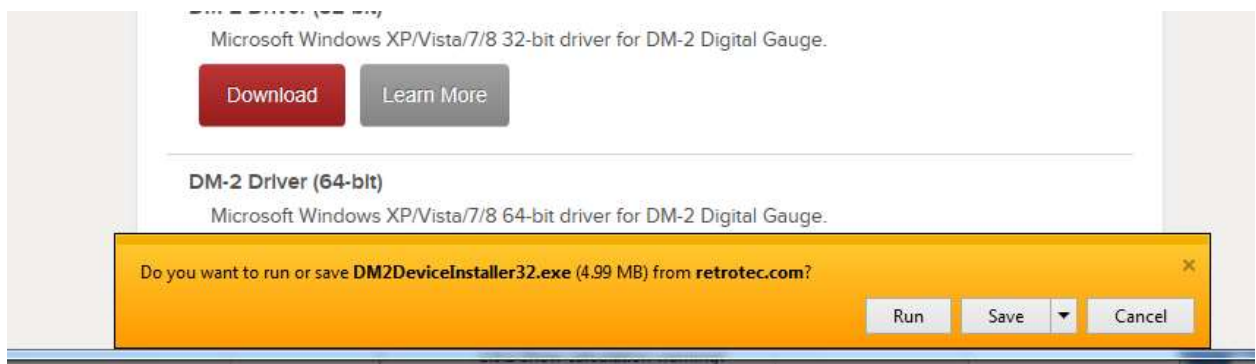
DM32 users will have the driver automatically installed when they install FanTestic or the DM32 Software Suite, and should only use USB connection to update the firmware through the DM32 Configurator, not for automatic control of the gauge.

DM32 users should use Ethernet to connect to the gauges for auto-testing, since that will provide the longest cable option and most reliability. WiFi can also be used depending on the distance between the gauge and the computer and the type of building construction.

- a) Go to: <http://retrotec.com/support/software-downloads>



- b) Download by clicking on the “Download button and when prompted to Run or Save, choose “Save”



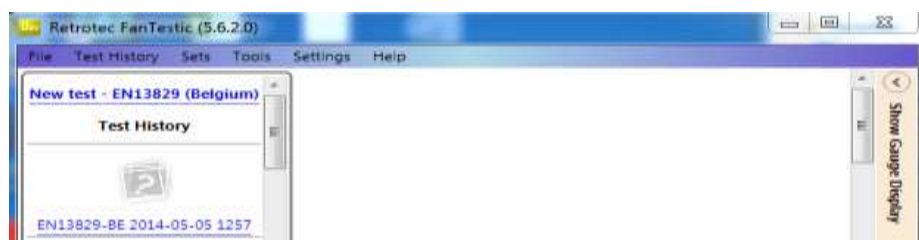
- c) To install the Retrotec DM2 driver (DM2deviceinstaller32.exe or DM2DeviceInstaller64.exe), do not double click the file when the download has completed. Instead, right click the downloaded “DM2deviceinstaller” file, and select *Run as administrator* to start the installation. This will give permission to install the required system files.

1.5 Start FanTestic

After installation, click the Start Menu → All Programs → Retrotec → FanTestic.



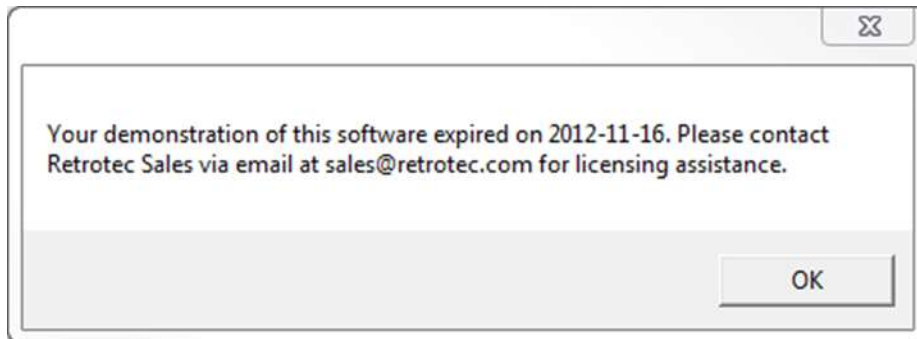
OR use the FanTestic icon on your desktop to start the program. FanTestic will open!



FanTestic will run in demo mode with full functionality for 30 days after you first install. Once the demo version expires, you will not be able to change the test standard being used, generate the MS Word reports or export your test data to MS Excel. You will still be able to enter test data and see the results on-screen, and open tests generated using any of the test standards.

Obtain a license and instructions for activating the software with the license before your demo expires by contacting sales@retrotec.com. The license will be valid for the period of time specified for the license, and with a valid license you will be able to generate the MS Word reports and export your test data to MS Excel.

If your demo or license has expired you will see a dialog window similar to the following when you start FanTestic:

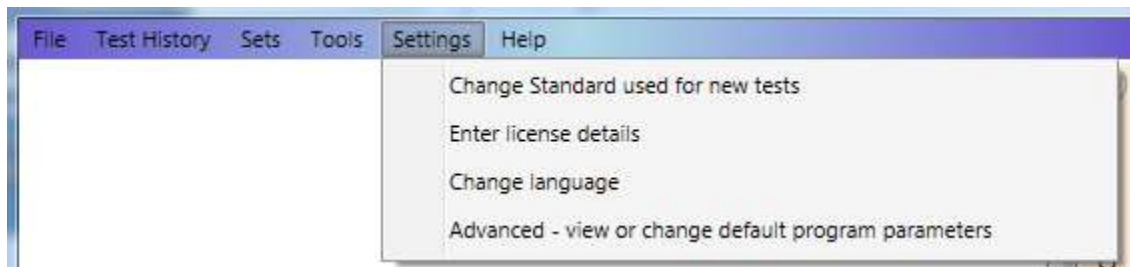


Click “OK” to start the limited version.

The main FanTestic menu bar is at the top, to provide access to functions needed pre and post test.

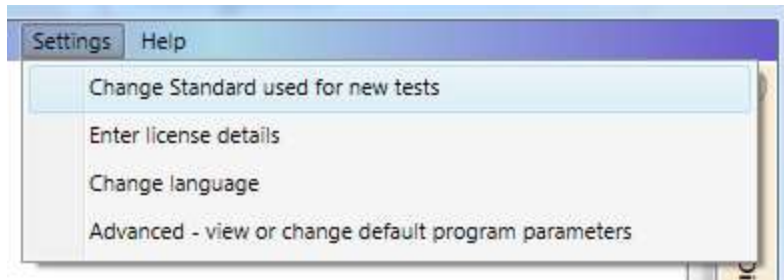


The first time you run FanTestic, you need to make some choices about how you will use FanTestic—access from the “Settings” menu as described in the next sections.

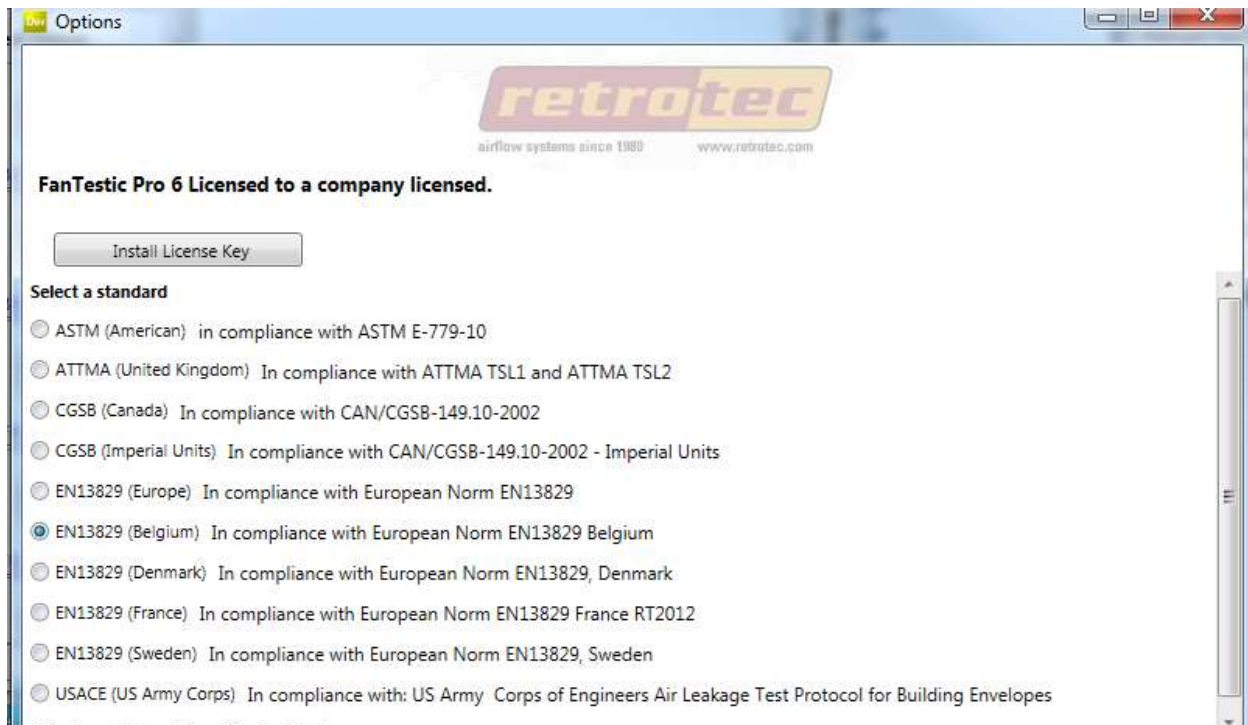


1.6 Select a test standard to use for new tests

FanTestic is based on national and international standards which specify how the Air Leakage Tests are to be performed to be valid. Choices of test standard are available “Settings” → “Change Standard used for new tests”. The number of Test standards available to be chosen in the list depends on the license purchased.

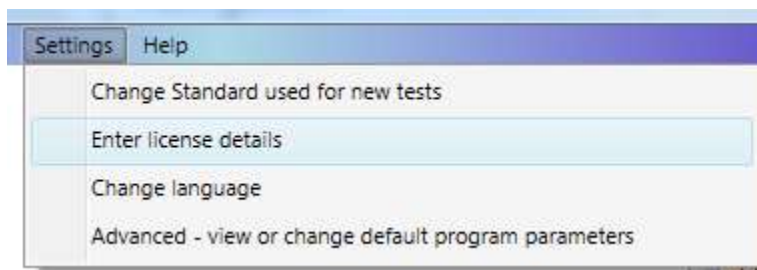


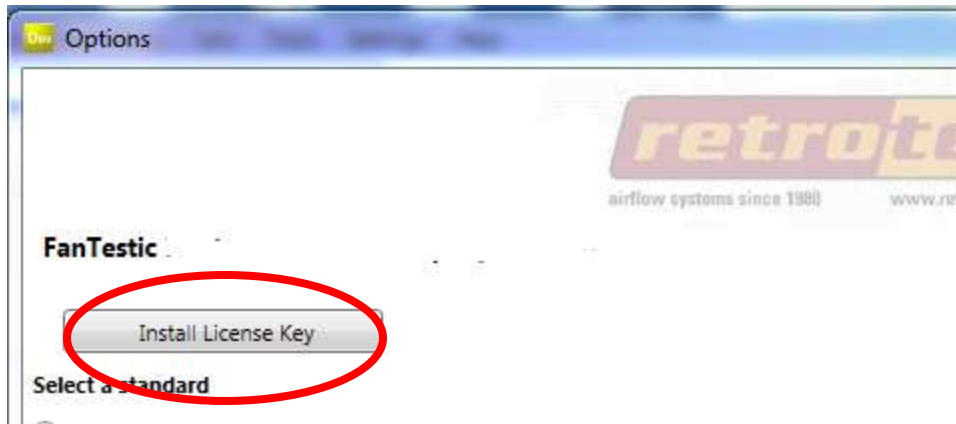
The dialog opens for you to choose the standard by clicking on the button beside the name of the standard:



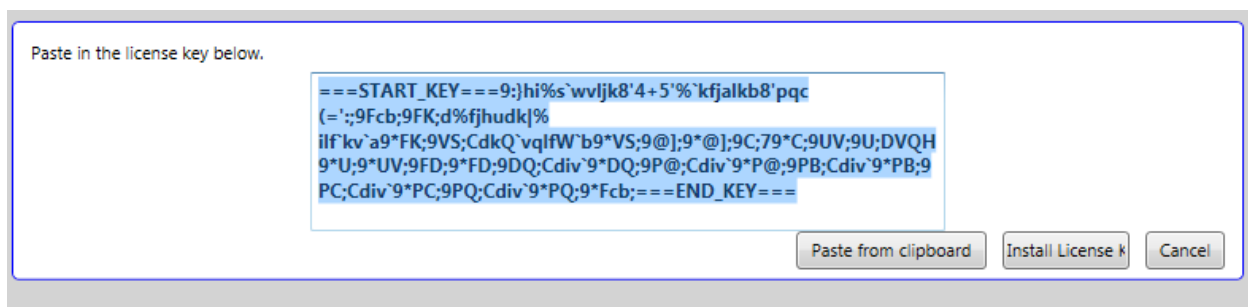
1.7 Enter license key when you receive one

- Start FanTestic, if not already running.
- Once in the program click "Settings" → "Enter license details".

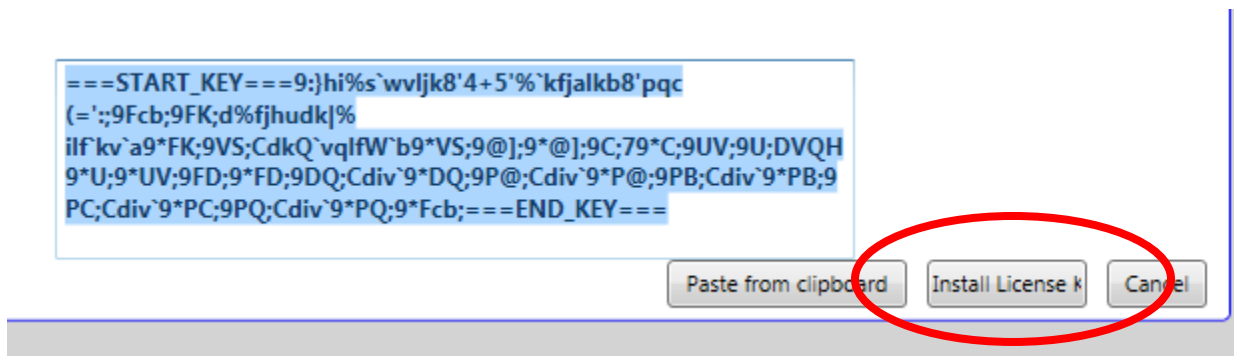




- Click on the “Install License Key” button in the dialog window that opens, and a text entry area opens:



- Copy the license key from the email you received and paste it into the text entry area that appeared, being sure to include the “===START_KEY===” and “===END_KEY===” portion of the key. If selecting from an email, be sure that the email has not inserted any odd items into the string, such as an “mailto” link. The email containing the key that is sent out from Retrotec will be a “Text only” email, not HTML based, in order to try to minimize license corruption.
- Click on the “Install License” button below the text box.



- Test Standard may be automatically selected based on the license- if not, choose one from the list.

Select a standard

- ☐ ASTM (American) In compliance with ASTM E-779-10
- ☐ ATTMA (United Kingdom) In compliance with ATTMA TSL1 and ATTMA TSL2
- ☐ CGSB (Canada) In compliance with CAN/CGSB-149.10-2002
- ☐ CGSB (Imperial Units) In compliance with CAN/CGSB-149.10-2002 - Imperial Units
- ☐ EN13829 (Europe) In compliance with European Norm EN13829
- ☒ EN13829 (Belgium) In compliance with European Norm EN13829 Belgium
- ☐ EN13829 (Denmark) In compliance with European Norm EN13829, Denmark

- Next, fill in the user's name and email address (corresponds to the technician doing tests with the software). "Software user's company" will be filled in automatically from the license that was entered:

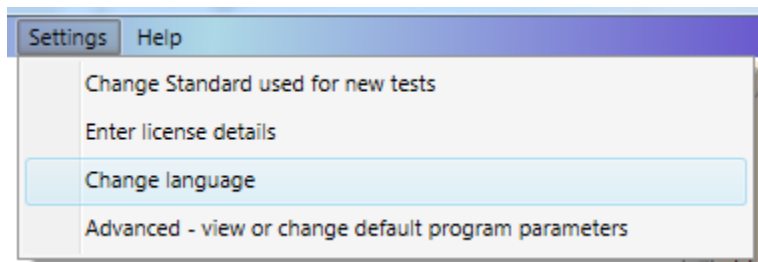
Software user's company	Retrotec
Software user's name	
Software user's email	
Language to use	English (United States)
<input type="button" value="OK"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/>	

- Then click "OK".

1.8 Change language to use for user interface and reports

Start FanTestic if it is not already running.

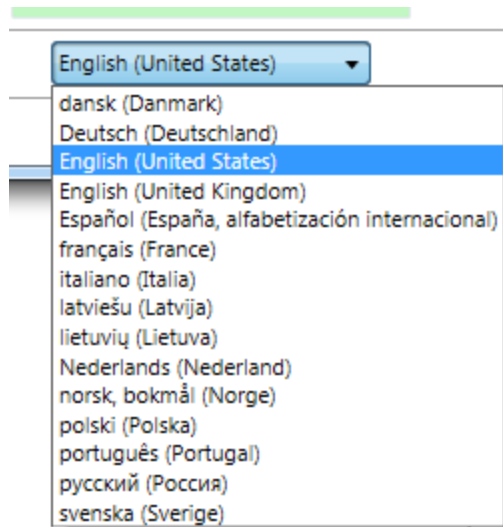
Click on "Settings" → "Advanced - view or change default program parameters"



The Settings dialog will open, and the "Language to use" drop-down is at the bottom:

Software user's name	
Software user's email	
Language to use	English (United States)
<input type="button" value="OK"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/>	

Choose the language from the language drop-down:

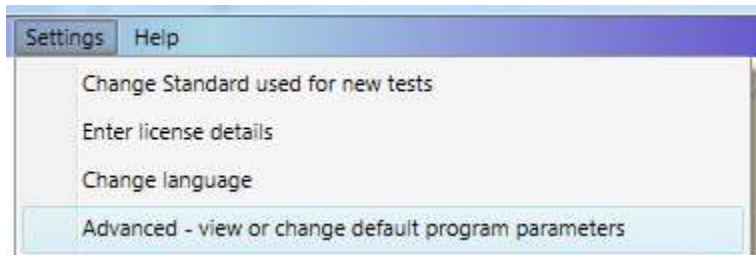


1.9 Change parameters used for running the program – (advanced operation)

Changes can be made any time, but a new test file must be opened for any changes to take effect. If changes are made to settings, FanTestic will save and close any open test file (user can skip this) and create and open a new Test file.

Start FanTestic if it is not already running.

Click on “Settings” → “Advanced - view or change default program parameters”

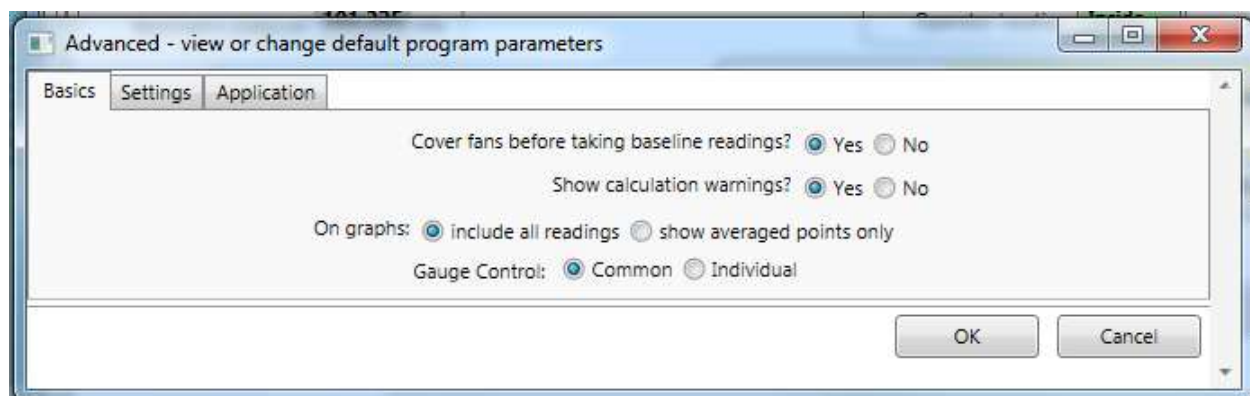


1.9.1 Basics tab for items applying to all tests

Start FanTestic if it is not already running.

Click on “Settings” → “Advanced - view or change default program parameters”

Click on “Basics” tab



1.9.1.1 *Cover fans before taking bias readings?*

Selecting "Yes" will cause the software to stop after the initial bias pressure readings have been taken in order for the user to uncover the fan(s). Select "No" for a nonstop test in which test pressure will be taken immediately following initial bias pressure readings.

1.9.1.2 *Show calculation warning?*

Show calculation warnings? ☒ Yes ☐ No

Warnings will appear when the "Calculate" button is clicked if insufficient building information is provided (i.e. no building volume was entered, therefore ACH50 cannot be calculated). Choose Yes to view the calculation warnings.

1.9.1.3 *Data to show On Graphs*

On graphs: ☒ include all readings ☐ show averaged points only

This selection allows you to choose whether the graphs will show all readings, or only show the single point that is the average of all readings at any particular Test Fan pressure.

1.9.1.4 *Individual Control*

Gauge Control: ☒ Common ☐ Individual

The Gauge Control function allows a user choose the method that the FanTestic will use to seek a target pressure when multiple fans are being used. The Gauge Control function sets whether a number of fans are controlled with the same signal (from one primary gauge) so all fans run at the same speed or whether each fan is controlled individually and will run at different speeds.

With Gauge Control set to "Common", all fans will be controlled by the induced pressure reading on the primary gauge, and the non-primary gauges will be set to the speed of the primary fan.

With Gauge Control set to "Individual", each fan is controlled by the induced pressure on its own gauge. Controlling this way may result in "dueling" fans, where one takes over and runs up to a speed of 100%, while the other fans decrease to 0% speed. If this happens during your test, change to Common Control.

Each gauge must be connected to FanTestic for automatic control, and each gauge must be connected using the yellow speed control cable to its own fan. For details about setting up multiple fan tests, see the manuals for Multiple Fan Testing (Large Buildings): [for 1000-3000 systems](#) [for 5000-6000 systems](#).

Gauge Control: "Common"

To control the speed of multiple fans based on the speed of the primary gauge, choose "Common". When attempting to create a pressure, FanTestic will set the target pressure on a single (primary) gauge. FanTestic tells the primary gauge to seek that target pressure, and then reads the %speed from the primary gauge, and tells all other gauges to go to that speed. This effectively turns all fans into one big fan that is controlled by the induced pressure on channel A of the primary gauge.

The first gauge in the list in the Equipment tab is the "primary gauge". The primary gauge can be switched by the user.

Gauge Control: "Individual"

For each fan to be controlled only by their own gauge, choose "Individual". When attempting to create a pressure, FanTestic will set the target pressure or speed on each of the gauges. FanTestic tells each gauge to seek that pressure target simultaneously. This would be the same as a human operator using the Set Pressure function on each gauge individually.

1.9.2 Settings tab for items specific to each test Standard

Start FanTestic if it is not already running.

Click on “Settings” → “Advanced - view or change default program parameters”

Click on “Settings” tab.

Advanced - view or change default program parameters

Basics Settings Application

Reset to Standard Defaults

Pressure reference for EN13829BE:

Air flow reference pressure #1 (also for Air Changes per Hour)	50
Air flow reference pressure #2	N/A
Flow / unit area reference pressure	50
Effective Leakage Area reference pressure	50
Equivalent Leakage Area (EqLA) reference pressure, P_{ref}	N/A

Take 10 bias pressures for 10 s each.

Take 5 induced pressures from 10 to 50 p_a for 20 s each.

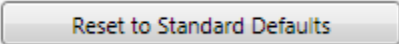
Pressure target arrival criteria Error must be less than 5 % or 1 p_a in a sample of 12 readings

Bias stability required before testing maximum change of 0.5 Pa/sec tested over 10 Sec

OK Cancel

Many of the settings can be changed to accommodate user-defined testing procedures.

However, you usually want to run a test according to the default protocol rules. If so, click the

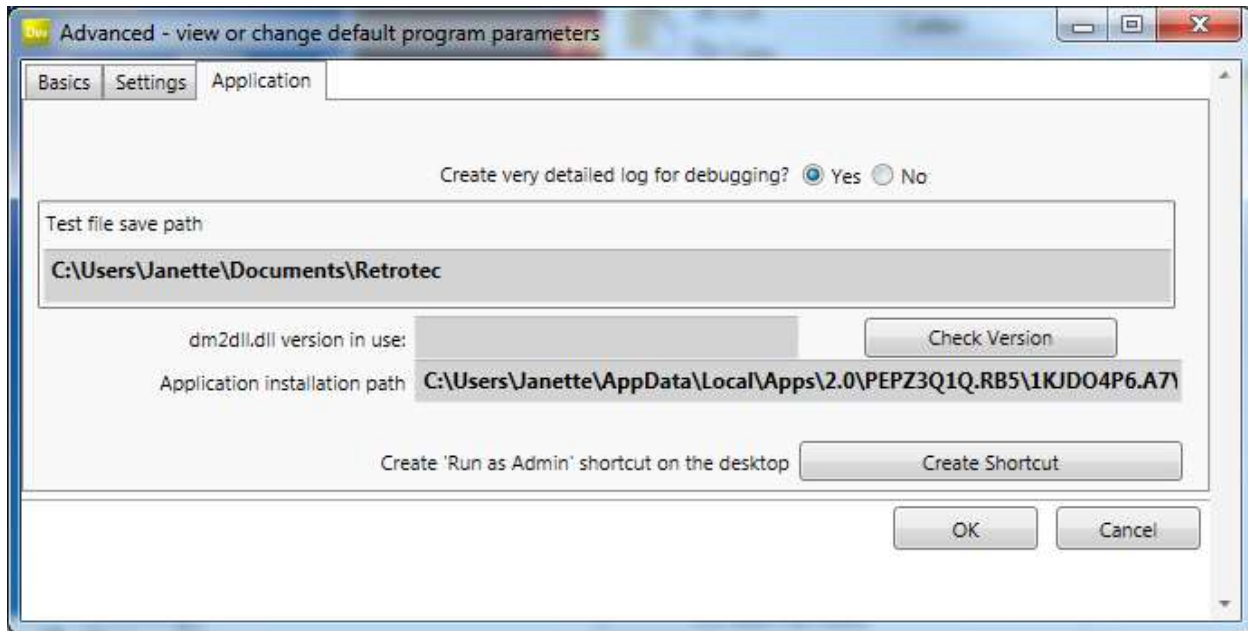
 button to run a test according to the default protocol rules.

1.9.3 Application tab for items specific to FanTestic behind the scenes

Start FanTestic if it is not already running.

Click on “Settings” → “Advanced - view or change default program parameters”

Click on “Application” tab



1.10 Automatic Save

Test data can be automatically saved at periodic intervals by turning the Auto Save function on ("File" → "Auto save?").

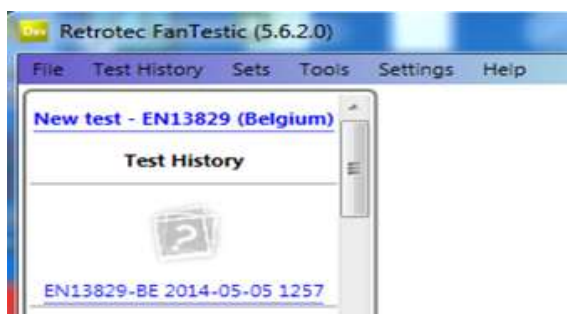
Test files are normally saved on your local C: drive under [MyDocuments]\Retrotec\Tests.

If you change the location of the test file to a remote drive, and then remove the remote drive with FanTestic running and AutoSave on, the software will not be able to save the file to the remote drive anymore, and may report an error.

Turn AutoSave Off if you wish to double click to launch test files attached to emails. If you double click on a file with extension .exml attached to an email in MS Outlook with AutoSave on, FanTestic will start up and open the test file, but when AutoSave tries to save to the inaccessible MS Outlook temporary location, FanTestic may report an error.

1.11 Create a new Test file

To create a new test, click on "New test" at the top of the history list, or go to "File" → "New".



Make sure "New Test" on the history list is followed by "EN13829(Belgium)". If not, go to "Settings" → "Change Standard used for new tests" and change the test standard to "EN13829(Belgium)". You may need to restart the program if this change is not active immediately.

Old tests are listed as a history, below the "New test" option if you have the history list open. You can click on any test name or picture to open that previously saved Test. Older tests are at the bottom of the list.

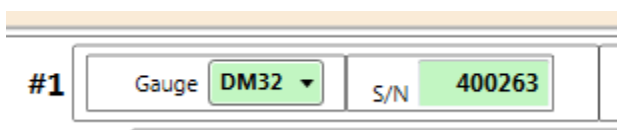
2 Enter Equipment (fans and gauges) used for the Test



Each gauge/fan pair is managed by the software. When you enter the serial numbers, ensure that the correct gauge is paired with the fan in use. Matching fan model to gauge serial number is most important, as the software calculates flows from the fan pressures reported by a gauge based on the specific parameters of each fan model.

Information entered for the test technician, fan model, gauge model, and serial number will be saved and entered automatically for you when you create a new test.

2.1 Gauge Info



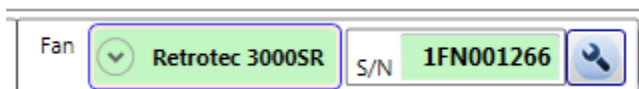
You must select the gauge model.

The serial number of Retrotec gauges can be found on a label on the device. The serial number can be entered manually.

You can use the “Find Gauges” button to have FanTestic find any and all gauges attached to the computer via USB (for DM-2) or via USB, Wired Network, or WiFi for the DM32. FanTestic cannot automatically detect gauges from other manufacturers.

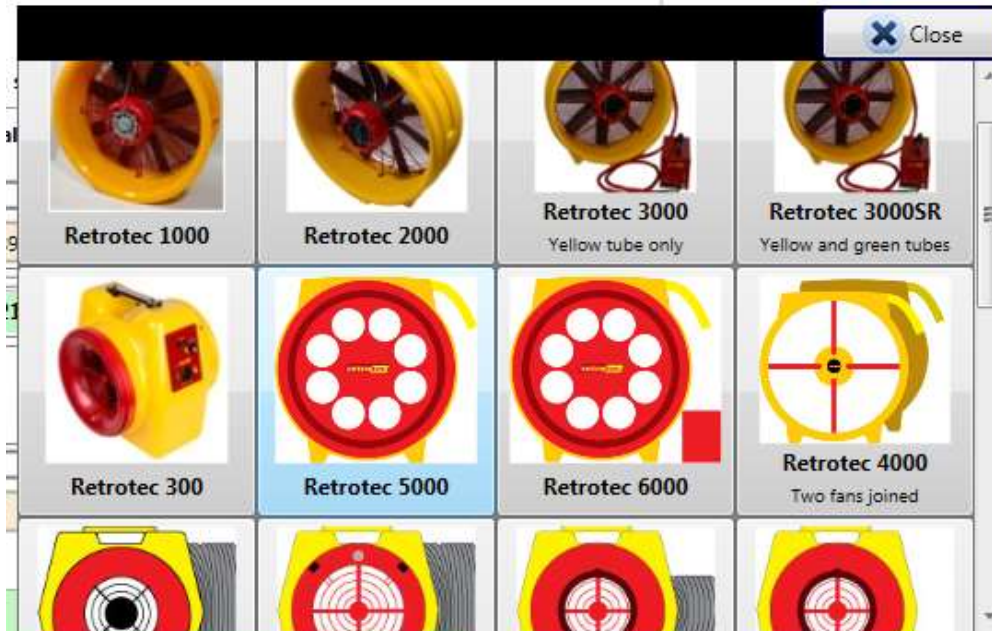
Note that the “Find Gauges” button will read the type of fan in use from the device that is currently set on the associated gauge, and will find the gauge serial number and type. It cannot find the serial number of the fan.

2.2 Device connected to Gauge Info



2.2.1 Calibrated Fan Model

Select the model of the series of fan used in your system using the pictures in the fan drop-down as a guide. If you are performing a duct test, be sure to choose a Duct Testing fan, conveniently grouped together and shown in the picture with attached flex duct. Building test fans do not show the attached flex duct.



When you enter fan pressure values into the Test data set, you must have selected the device being used in order for FanTestic to correctly compute flow results. FanTestic uses the latest values of the Fan Flow Coefficients for each fan model to give you the most accurate value for flow.

You can, if you are entering a Test manually, directly enter flow values from the gauge but this is not recommended, as your gauge may have fan flow coefficients that are not up to date.

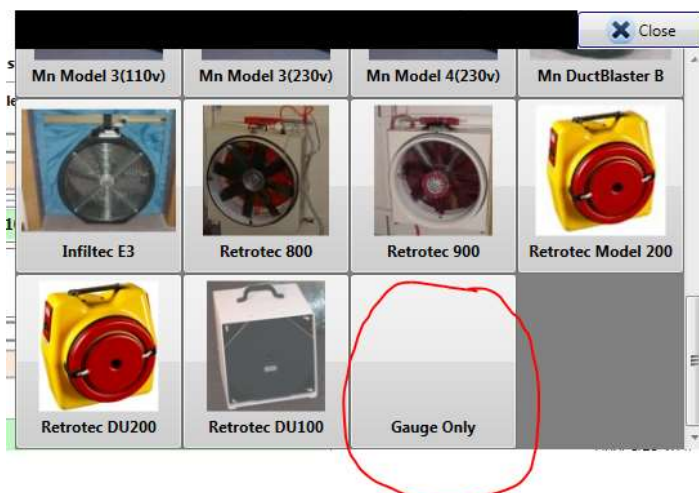
Note that Automatic testing will read the type of fan in use from the device that is currently set on the associated gauge.

If there is data in a data set, you will not be able to change the type of the fan in the equipment panel.

2.2.2 Use Gauge Only – with no calibrated fan attached

In some cases, users may wish to monitor pressures during a test using gauges with “No fan” connected to the gauge.

In this case, users choose the Device called “Gauge Only” in the Device models dropdown. The Range in the Fan Pressure Line for this gauge/fan pair automatically shows up as “No fan”.



The pressure values on Channel A from the “Gauge Only” device are included in the room pressure. The pressure values read on Channel B and shown in the “No fan” line are not included in the flow calculations.

Note that Automatic testing will ignore the device that is currently set on the associated gauge if you have chosen “Gauge Only” for this gauge in FanTestic.

2.2.3 Fan Serial Number (S/N)

The serial number of Retrotec door fans can be found on a gray label at the top or side of the fan. The serial number of the fan must be entered manually, and will be read in from a previously open test automatically when you have entered it for a previous test.

2.2.4 Device Location

If multiple fans are added, the Location data entry box becomes available:

The screenshot shows a data entry form with three main sections: 'Fan', 'S/N', and 'Location'. The 'Fan' section has a dropdown menu with 'Retrotec 1000' selected. The 'S/N' section has a text box with '1FN001266'. The 'Location' section has a text box with 'third floor west door'.

2.3 Change fan flow coefficients after re-calibration

EN13829 requires that the fan(s) used in any test be re-calibrated by a third party calibration laboratory, and that the corrections for the fan coefficients be made in the software program. The changed flow coefficients will be used to calculate flow when the fan with the specific serial number is used in tests.



Click the small wrench icon beside the fan serial number:

If you have entered a Fan Serial Number, the following screen will appear:

The screenshot shows the 'Fan Calibration' window. It contains fields for 'Fan Model' (Retrotec 3000SR) and 'Ser#' (123456). Below these is a 'Range' dropdown set to 'Open(22)'. There are four input fields for coefficients: 'Exponent (N)' (0.5214), 'Coefficient (K)' (827.4013), 'K1' (-0.07), and 'K2' (0.8). There are also two more coefficient fields, 'K3' (-0.115) and 'K4' (1.067). A 'Minimum flow' field is set to 8.6 Pa. At the bottom, there are 'Calibration Notes' and 'Calibration Date' fields, and 'OK', 'Cancel', and 'Reset' buttons. The flow equation is displayed as: $flow = (FP - CR \times K1)^n \times (K + K3 \times FP) \times K4$. Below the equation, it states: 'FP = fan pressure, CR = corrected room pressure'.

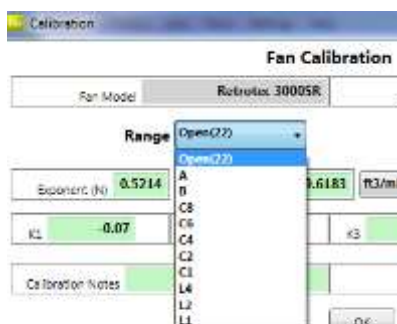
The equation displayed in the Fan Calibration window is the important thing to understand.

$$Flow = (PrB - PrA \cdot K1)^n \cdot (K + K3 \cdot PrB) \cdot K4$$

This equation defines the relationship between fan pressure, building pressure, and flow. This equation is used to convert readings of fan pressure (usually on channel B, called FP or PrB in the equation). Note that Fan pressure should always be a positive value.

There are 2 different ways to enter calibration constants, depending on how the calibration lab supplies the values to you.

If you are only provided a new K4 value from the lab, you just change the K4 value for each range. K4 is just a simple multiplier and the units do not matter.



Choose the "Range" from the drop-down,
enter the provided K4 value for that range

$$flow = (FP - CR \times K1)^n \times (K$$

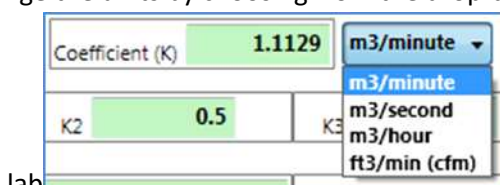
K1	-0.02	K2	0.5	K3	0.016	K4	1
----	-------	----	-----	----	-------	----	---

Choose the next "Range" from the drop-down, and enter the provided K4 value for that range
Repeat until K4 for all "Ranges" have been entered

When you have been provided with an exponent (N), a K coefficient, and perhaps a minimum flow value for each range from the calibration lab, you must enter the information differently. If this is the case, follow these steps:

Click the "Ranges" drop down and select a "Range"

Change the units by choosing from the drop-down whatever flow units were used by the calibration



lab

Set K1 and K3 to 0 for the range

Set K4 to 1 for the range

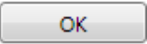
K1	0	K2	0	K3	0	K4	1
----	---	----	---	----	---	----	---

Enter the exponent N, coefficient K, and the "Minimum flow" value provided for the selected range

Range C8


Exponent (N) 0.5 Coefficient (K) 78.5 ft3/min (cfm) Minimum Flow 10 Pa

Repeat by clicking the "Ranges" drop-down and choosing another "Range" and following the steps until Every Range has been updated

Once you have changed the constants for **all Ranges of the fan** using one or another of the data entry methods explained above, click .

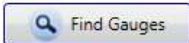
Click “Cancel” to exit without making any changes.

If “OK” is clicked, FanTestic will save the range calibration factors and save them to your computer’s local hard drive, and apply them to future fan flow rate calculations on FanTestic using that gauge.

The  button will reset all the K1 through K4 to the original factory flow coefficient settings for the selected Fan type on all the Ranges.

2.4 Find gauges attached to computer, automatically

If you have gauges connected to the computer via USB (or Ethernet if you are using a DM32), you can read the gauge serial number and the fan model that is set on the gauge, as well as the range that is set on the gauge.

To retrieve the gauge serial number and fan model automatically, click the  button. If the “Find Gauges” button is not visible in the Equipment tab, that means there is data already collected in this test, and you cannot change the devices or fan numbers that were used before.

FanTestic will set the Fan model in the Equipment Tab to whatever device is set on the gauge. Thus you need to ensure that the fan/gauge pair is what you expect after a Find Gauges scan.

FanTestic will add a fan pressure line in the data sets with an Open Range for each fan. See section 5.9 for details about Fan Pressure Lines

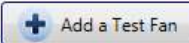
2.5 Changing Range in the test, manual entry

The Range setting for each fan is entered in each Data Set, rather than here in the Equipment tab, because the fan can use any of its ranges at any time during the test. See section 5.9 for details.

2.6 Adding multiple fan/gauge pairs

If you have a non-expired demo or Pro license, you will be able to add more than one fan/gauge pair, and enter or collect data for both. Once data has been added to the test, you cannot add fans.




If you are using more than one fan, click the  button as many times as the number of fans you would like to add (total number limited by the license in use).




You also have the option to note the Location - where the fan is set up in the building- for your own information and to see on the Data set graph.

The first gauge in the list is used as the “Primary gauge” when running a multiple fan test (see section 1.9.1.4 for an explanation).

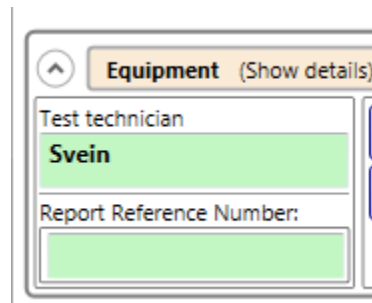
Click the  button to make the gauge on that line the primary gauge (placing it as #1 Fan).

2.7 Delete a Fan/Gauge pair

You can delete the line corresponding to a fan/gauge pair if it is not being used in the Test, but it is not necessary. If a fan/gauge pair line exists, a corresponding line will appear in the Data Set.

Click the  button to delete the line corresponding to a fan/gauge pair.

2.8 Test Technician and report identifier



Equipment (Show details)

Test technician
Svein

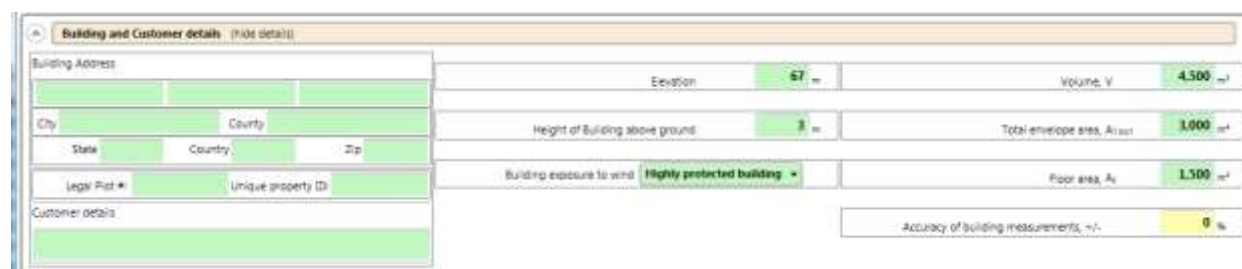
Report Reference Number:

Enter the name of the person doing the test. More than one name can be entered in this text entry area.

If you have a unique reference number for the report on this property, enter it here.

3 Enter Building description and Dimensions

Fill out building's description and the building dimensions.



Building and Customer details (Hide details)

Building Address		Elevation	67 m	Volume, V	4,500 m³
City	County	Height of Building above ground	1 m	Total envelope area, A _{ext}	1,000 m²
State	Country	Zip		Floor area, A _f	1,500 m²
Legal Plot #	Unique property ID	Building exposure to wind	Highly protected building		
Customer details		Accuracy of building measurements, +/-			
		0 %			

3.1 Building Address

Enter the street address where the building is located. Ignore any entry boxes that are not applicable to your situation.

3.2 Customer details

Enter the name of the customer. If the customer is located at a different address than the building being tested, that can be entered here as well.

3.3 Elevation

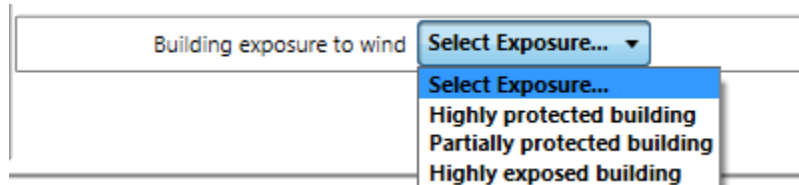
Enter the building's elevation above sea level. This value is used to perform a small correction to the air flow rate.

3.4 Height of building above ground

Enter the building's height, measured from the ground to the top. How to make this measurement will be spelled out in the Test Standard you are using.

3.5 Building exposure to wind

Choose a value from the drop-down list indicating how exposed the building will be to wind.



The image shows a software interface with a label 'Building exposure to wind' and a drop-down menu. The menu is open, showing three options: 'Select Exposure...' (highlighted in blue), 'Highly protected building', 'Partially protected building', and 'Highly exposed building'.

3.6 Volume

Enter the building volume in cubic metres.

This value is used to calculate any result that requires volume, such as air changes per hour.

If you include the basement, perform the test with the door between the basement and the building open.

3.7 Total envelope area

Enter the “enclosure area” as the above grade surface area of the exterior envelope of the building, in square metres.

This value is used to calculate any result that requires exposed surface area such as flow per unit of area. The surface area will generally include all surfaces separating the conditioned space of the building from unconditioned spaces (e.g. exterior walls, floors over unheated and vented crawlspaces, surfaces separating the building and the attic, etc.), but how to make this measurement will be spelled out in the Test Standard you are using.

3.8 Floor area

Enter the floor area of the building in square metres.

This value will be used to calculate all results that requires floor area, such as m^3/h per square metre of floor area.

Include the area of all floors that are intentionally heated. If you have included the basement in your volume calculation, also include the basement in the floor area calculation.

3.9 Accuracy of building measurements

Enter a value indicating how accurately the building measurements were made. This should be a value between 1 and 10% (each measurement is within this percentage of the actual measurement).

4 Manage Pressurization/Depressurization (Data) Sets

The actual data read during an automatic test or entered for a manual test is stored in Data Sets based on the direction – direction being whether the test was performed to induce pressurization in the building or depressurization.

Set 1: (hide details)

Start date: 2015-06-26 Start time: 15:06 Get Time Test Direction Unknown

Barometric pressure: 101.325 kPa from: Standard temp/pressure Wind speed (Beaufort): 0 Calm Operator location: Inside

Temperature, initial: indoors: 20.0 C outdoors: 20.0 C

Choose one: ☐ Enter data manually ☒ Capture data automatically

Begin AutoTest Begin Semi-Automatic Test

Baseline, initial [Pa]

Average baseline, initial: ΔP_{10} : 0.0 ΔP_{50} : 0.0 ΔP_{100} : 0.0

#1 Induced (primary gauge) pressure [Pa]

Test Fan 1: Open(22) Pa

Test Fan 2: Open(22) Pa

Baseline, final [Pa]

Average baseline, final: ΔP_{10} : 0.0 ΔP_{50} : 0.0 ΔP_{100} : 0.0

Show Graphs

Temperature, final: indoors: 20.0 C outdoors: 20.0 C

Total flow, V_t [m³/s]

Corrected flow rate [m³/s]

Error [Pa]

Correlation, r [%] Confidence Limit 95%

Intercept, C_{int} [m³/s-Pa]

Intercept, C_0 [m³/s-Pa]

Slope, m : 0.650

Calculate Clear data set Clear point...

Results	95% Confidence Interval	Uncertainty
Air flow at 50 Pa, V_{50} [m³/s]		
Air changes at 50 Pa, n_{50} [1/s]		
Permeability at 50 Pa, n_{50} [m³/s-m²]		
Specific leakage at 50 Pa, s_{50} [m³/s-m²]		
Effective leakage area at 50 Pa, ELA_{50} [m²]		
Equivalent leakage area at 50 Pa, ELA_{eq} [m²]		
Normalized leakage area at 50 Pa, NLA_{50} [m³/s-m²]		

(add notes here) Finish time: Get Time

New set Delete set

Data readings from each fan are specific to the range configuration installed on the fan when the pressure or flow is read from the gauge. A Fan Pressure Line must be included in the set for each fan/range combination used during the test (if ranges have to be changed during a test to reach the required induced pressure).

Test Fan 1: CE [Pa] 43 42.8 38.9 41.4 39.6 39.7

Test Fan 2: Select Range... [Pa]

If fan pressure (or flow values) are too low to be in the valid calibrated region of the fan for the induced pressure point being measured, the digits will turn red at the row/column of the fan pressure line affected.

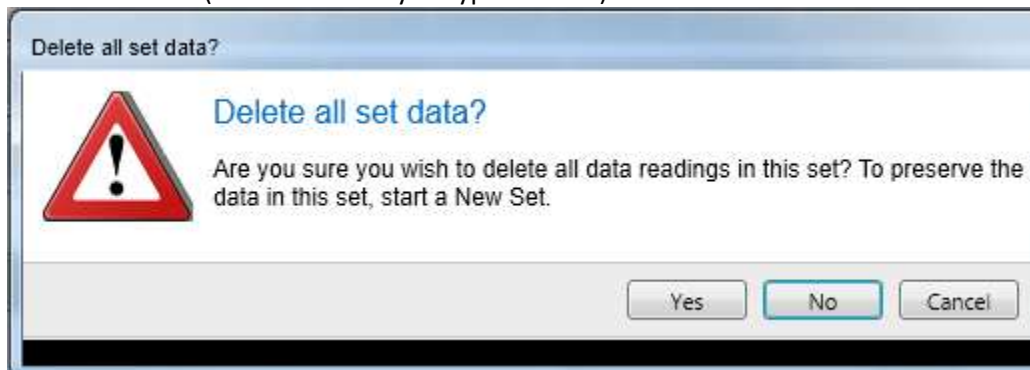
Test standards also require recording the state of the building pressure as it is without any fan running. This is variously called baseline, or bias pressure. Space is provided in the data set for readings taken when the fan is not running before the test commences. If the Standard requires measuring the baseline after the test is complete, there is space for that too.

Baseline, initial [Pa]	0.04	0.00	-0.04	-0.10	0.08	0.05	0.20	0.16	0.10	0.03	0.10	0.12
------------------------	------	------	-------	-------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------

Pressurization/depressurization depends on the location of the blue pressure pickup on the gauge with respect to the building, since building induced pressure is measured between the red and blue connections, and the red tube always goes through the panel. The location of the operator (blue pickup on the gauge) as well as the sign (plus or minus) of the induced pressures are thus used to choose the label on the data set – “Pressurization Set” or “Depressurization Set”.

Data results can be added to the Set either manually or automatically.

Choosing “Capture data automatically” enables the Auto Test buttons, and greys out all the data entry boxes in the Set (and will not let you type in them).




It also clears any data that was previously entered manually. If you do not want to clear the entered data, create a new Set to collect your automatic data.

To enter data manually that you have recorded on paper during a test, choose “Enter data manually”. This removes the Auto Test buttons, and changes the user interface to allow you to type into all the data entry boxes.

Each time you run another test after stopping for any reason, it is recommended that you add a new Set and delete the bad one, rather than resuming the test.

4.1 Adding a Set to the Test

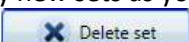
You can add as many new sets as your needs require. To add a new set of data to an existing project, simply click the  button.

All previously entered environmental data will be duplicated for this new set, but not the test results. This speeds the data entry required when starting a new Set, and helps if you have to run before and after tests, or pressurization and depressurization tests (tests in both directions).

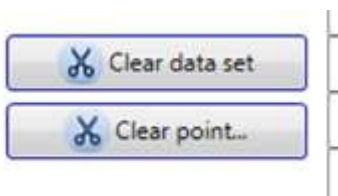
Add a set to include a test in the opposite direction, or to complete a second set in the same direction after sealing leaks.

4.2 Removing a Set from the Test

Delete any Set that should not be included in the average in the Summary Results (the section following all the Data sets).

You can add as many new sets as your needs require; if you decide that some of these sets are no longer necessary, click the  button within that particular data set, and follow the prompt. This will be a permanent deletion, so be sure to save the Test file beforehand.

4.3 Clearing Data in the Set

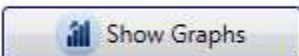


Clicking the “Clear data set” will clear all result data that had been entered into that particular set, but leave the environmental data.

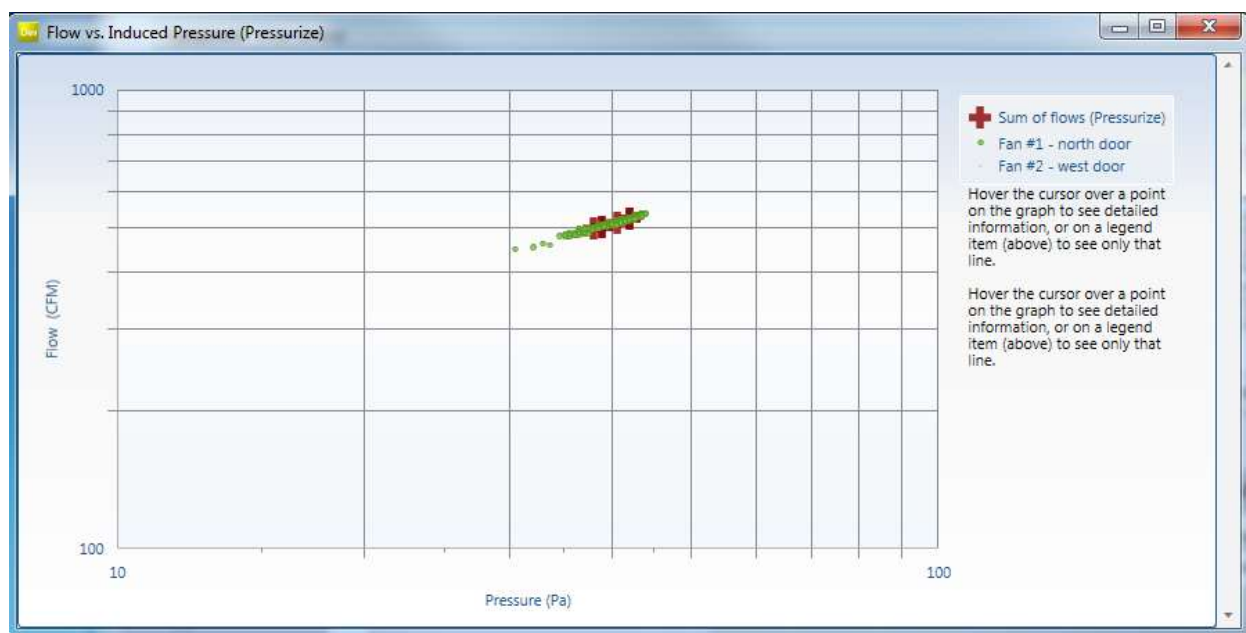
Clicking “Clear point...” will ask the user to specify which point to clear, giving a list of possible points. Once chosen, all readings taken for that particular column, from all fan/range combinations listed will be deleted.

To re-take data for a single point in a data set that was captured automatically, you must use the “Begin Semi-Automatic Test” button as described in section 7.2.

4.4 View Graph of data in the Data set



Data in the set can be viewed on graphs – click on “Show Graphs”. The graph will open in its own window, and allow users the resize as necessary.

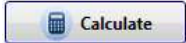


The number and location of the fan from which the readings are taken is shown on the graph legend, and moving the cursor over the points on the graph shows detail about each reading (pressure and flow at that point). The individual fan flow readings are shown, as is the sum of all flows in the case of the use of multiple fans.

If the “Show Graphs” button is clicked after an automatic test starts, the graph will be updated in real time as the readings are taken.

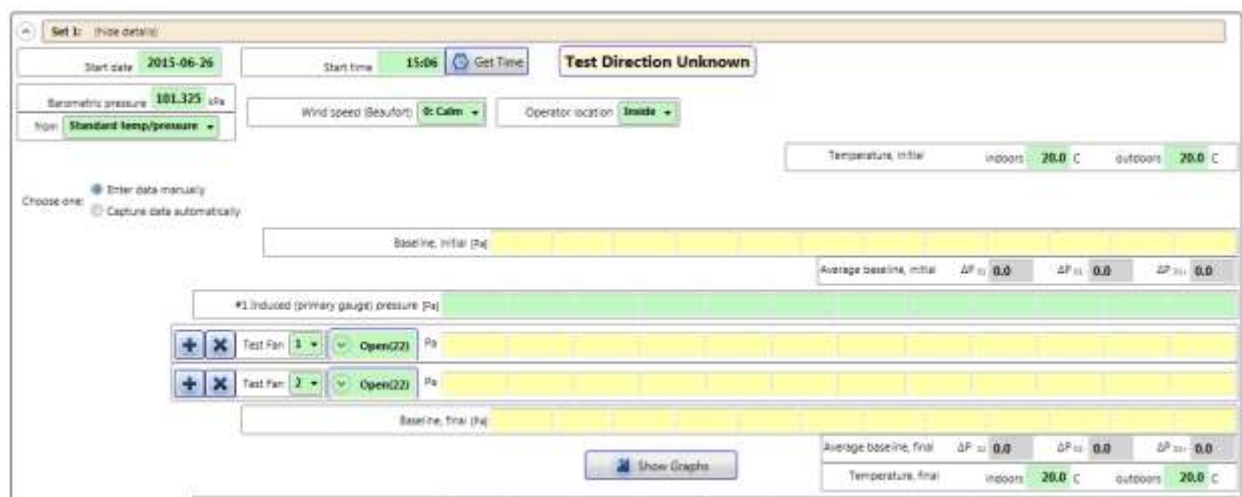
5 Enter Test Data

The following is an explanation of inputs in the Data Set.

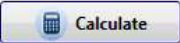
Data may be changed in any one of the green or yellow boxes but you must click the  button when any input changes are made, to re-calculate the new results.

If the data entry lines for pressures are greyed out and you wish to enter data using the keyboard instead of capturing it automatically from the gauge during a test, click on the “Enter data manually” choice. The software will ask if you want to lose any data entered.

If you have data entered in this data set that you wish to keep, start a new Data Set in which to capture your automatic data, and then in the NEW data set click on the “Enter data manually” choice.



Manually enter your data into all of the green or yellow boxes. Yellow boxes will turn green after entry.

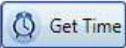
Click the  button once all the data is entered, where gray boxes are the calculated results.

5.1 Start date

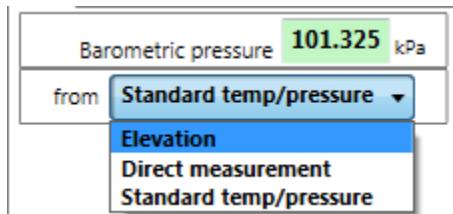


The date is entered automatically by the computer in the format yyyy-mm-dd when the test is created, but you can update at any time.

5.2 Start Time

24 hour time is automatically entered by the computer when you start a new test. If this time does not match the time you start your test, you can click  to update the time that will be recorded in your report.

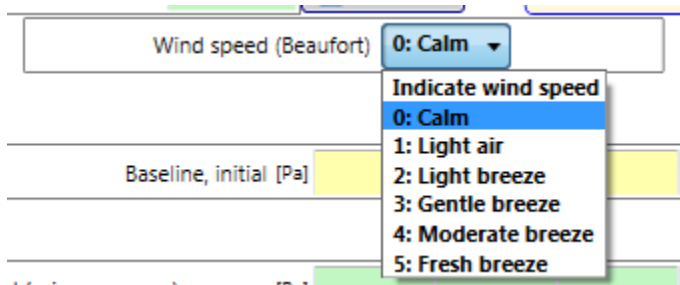
5.3 Barometric pressure



This value is used for the density correction.

Use the dropdown box under the Barometric pressure field to select whether the barometric pressure was acquired from: "Elevation", "Direct measurement", or reflects "Standard temperature and pressure".

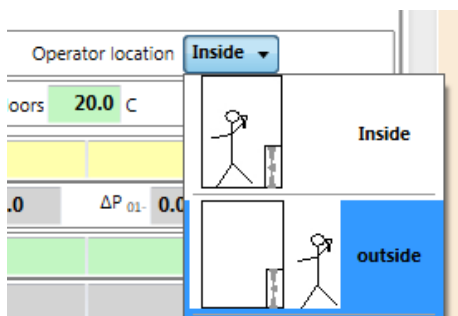
5.4 Wind speed (Beaufort)



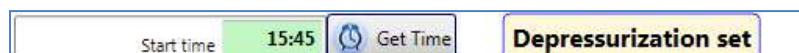
Choose the adjectives (from the Beaufort scale of wind speed) that best describe the wind speed during your test from the dropdown box.

- 0: Calm
- 1: Light air
- 2: Light breeze
- 3: Gentle breeze
- 4: Moderate breeze
- 5: Fresh breeze

5.5 Operator location



Select whether the operator is located inside or outside during the test (inside is typical). This is used in conjunction with the sign (positive or negative) from the Induced Pressure read from the gauge, to determine the test direction (Pressurization or Depressurization). The test direction will be displayed beside the Start time:



Start time	15:45	Get Time	Pressurization set
------------	-------	----------	---------------------------

5.6 Temperature, initial

Enter the indoor and outdoor temperature at the start of the test. The initial temperature is to be entered before both the pressurization and depressurization sets.

Pressurization set				
Temperature, initial	indoors	68 °F	outdoors	70 °F

Depressurization set				
Temperature, initial	indoors	67 °F	outdoors	70 °F

5.7 Baseline/bias pressure, initial [Pa]

Baseline, initial [Pa]	0.17											
------------------------	------	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

This is the baseline pressure before a pressurization or depressurization test. Baseline values are averaged to correct the building gauge pressure readings. Before turning on the fan, determine the baseline pressure once the building is prepared for the test.

According to the EN13829(Belgium) standard, at least 10 bias pressure readings (taken with measurements averaged over 10 seconds) are required before the test starts. Values can be measured and entered manually by using the [Baseline] function on the Retrotec gauge, or let the automatic test capture them.

When manually entering data into FanTestic, set the time averaging on the gauge to at least 60 seconds for baseline readings. This must be done in order to compensate for the effects of wind and to ensure that you get an average reading. On windy days you will have to take readings for a longer period of time. To determine if it is windy, set your gauge 25 second averaging and if the pressure fluctuation is above 2 Pa. If so, double the time averaging for the baseline to 120 seconds.

On the DM32, tap Channel A to activate the Hold feature so the readings don't change while you're writing them down.

FanTestic calculates the average initial baseline and reports it in the Data set. Initial and final baseline values are averaged and used to correct the building gauge pressure readings.

Average baseline, initial	ΔP_{01}	0.0	ΔP_{01-}	0.0	ΔP_{01+}	0.0
---------------------------	-----------------	-----	------------------	-----	------------------	-----

P01 = average of all pre-test Baseline pressures

P01- = average of negative pre-test Baseline pressures

P01+ = average of positive pre-test Baseline pressures

Note that P01- can be zero if there are no negative Baseline pressures in your data.

5.8 Induced Pressure data lines [Pa]

Induced pressure [Pa]	10	20	30	40	50						
-----------------------	----	----	----	----	----	--	--	--	--	--	--

Enter the induced pressure, as read from the gauge (PrA on the gauge). This is the test pressure created in the building as a result of the door fan running.

5.9.1 Select Range installed on fan during test

The chosen range must match the range on the door fan being used for the test. The range must be selected correctly for FanTestic to calculate the correct flow.

It sometimes becomes necessary to change ranges during a test due to *fan pressure too low*. Fan pressure too low happens when there is not enough flow through the fan, so not enough fan pressure being generated across the fan pressure pickups inside the fan.

Range change is also required if FanTestic is unable to reach a pressure target so the fan speed gets up to 100% before the target pressure is reached.

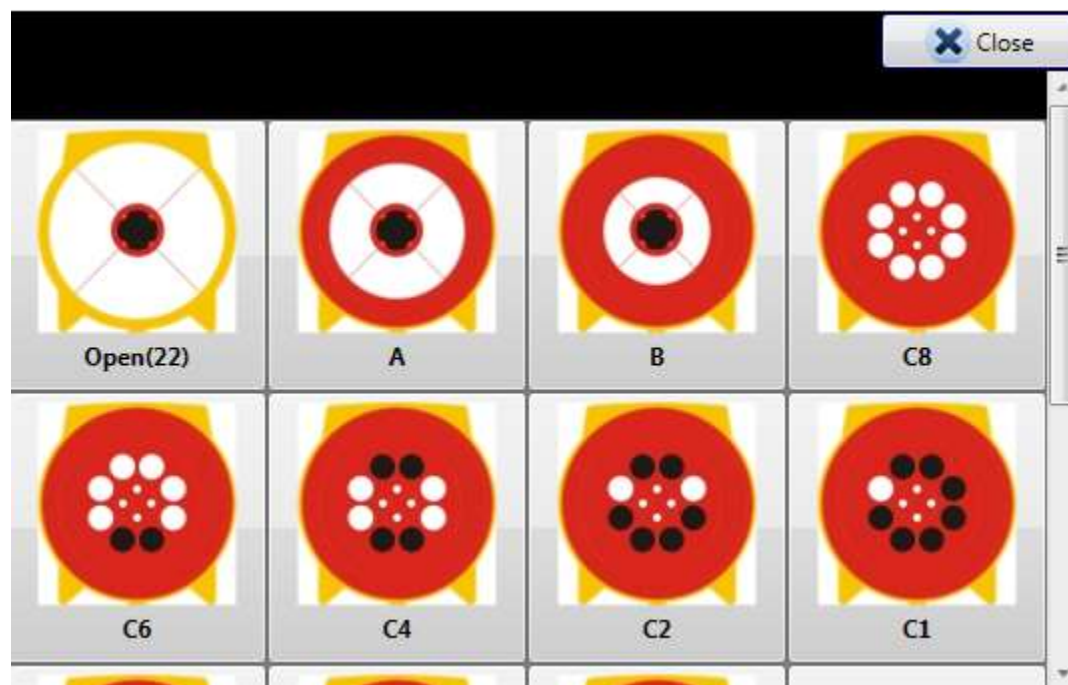
These conditions can happen during a manual test, an automatic test, or a semi-automatic test.

Setting the Range in use during an Automatic or Semi-Automatic test:

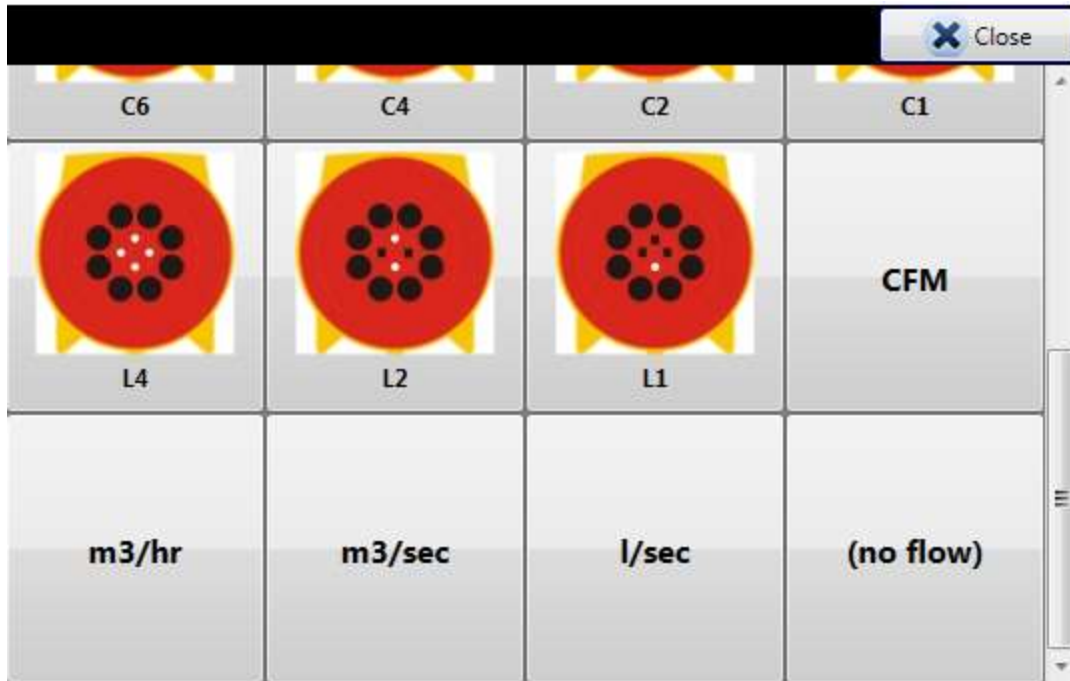
FanTestic will read the Device and Range automatically from the connected gauge(s) during automatic/semi-automatic testing. This means you need to set the correct device and range on the gauge(s) when you set up the physical ranges on the fans. For details about range changing during automatic testing see section 6.5.

To change the Range of the Fan Pressure line if you are entering data manually:

Click the drop down labeled “Select Range” (or labeled with the name of the range currently selected) to open a selection dialog with pictures of all the possible ranges for this fan:



At the bottom of the Select Range chooser, you may also choose units for flow rates if you would like to manually enter flow rates by reading them directly off the gauge. If you only recorded flow values during a manual test, you will not have fan pressures to enter, so you must use this method.



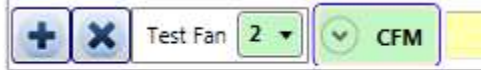
5.9.2 Enter Fan Pressure or direct flow values:

The units for the input values depends on the choice made in the Select Range chooser.


If you've selected a range plate, enter the fan pressure signal in Pa (PrB on the gauge).




If you have selected a unit of flow, enter the flow readings as read from Channel B of the gauge.







If fan pressure (and thus flow value) is too low to be in the valid calibrated region of the fan, the digits will turn red. This would indicate the need for a range change to increase the fan pressure being used. A rule of thumb to use is that fan pressure readings should be at least twice the required induced pressure.

To delete a line of fan pressure input readings, click the  button

5.9.3 Manual range change – how to add another fan pressure line

Add a new fan pressure line for the new range change by clicking the  ("New") button on the left of any of the existing fan pressure lines.

Enter the appropriate fan pressure data into the correct door fan pressure line, depending on the flow range used during the test. In the example below, the first three target pressures were achieved with the C8 range plate; the following three required a smaller range plate (C6), and are therefore on a different line.

Building gauge pressure [Pa]		-50.1	-42.3	-35.5	-27.5	-22.9	-15.9			
		Test Fan 1	1 ▾	C8 ▾ [Pa]	55.1	47.4	38			
		Test Fan	1 ▾	C6 ▾ [Pa]				47.3	40	32.3

5.9.4 When to change range during a test

It is recommended that the tester induce pressures over the full range of pressures desired to be tested (i.e., 10 and 60 Pa) prior to performing the test, to ensure that one flow range can satisfy all pressures, to avoid changing ranges, and to need only one fan pressure line in which to enter data.

If fan pressure (and thus flow values) are too low to be in the valid calibrated region of the fan for the induced pressure point being measured, the digits will turn red at the row/column of the fan pressure line affected. This indicates the need for a range change to increase the fan pressure being used. A rule of thumb to use for house testing fans is that fan pressure readings should be at least twice the required induced pressure.

a) If TOO LOW appears on the gauge:

- Increase fan pressure (restrict the flow) by installing a smaller flow range (for example, starting at C8, put in two more plugs for C6).
- Make sure this flow range change is recorded in your notes/test form.

b) If the fan is close to 100% fan speed without achieving the target pressure:

- Decrease fan pressure (increase the flow) by installing a larger flow range (for example, starting at C8, remove C range plate to end up with B ring).
- Make sure this flow range change is recorded in your notes/test form, and entered in the software.

5.10 Baseline/bias pressure, final [Pa]

Baseline, final [Pa]	0.49																		
----------------------	------	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

This is the bias pressure after a pressurization or depressurization test.

According to the EN13829(Belgium) standard, at least 10 bias pressure readings (taken with measurements averaged over 10 seconds) are required after the induced pressures are measured, with the fan turned off.

Values can be measured and entered manually by using the [Baseline] function on the Retrotec gauge, or let the automatic test capture them.

FanTestic calculates the average final baseline and reports it in the Data set. Initial and final baseline values are averaged and used to correct the building gauge pressure readings.

Average baseline, final	ΔP_{02}	0.0	ΔP_{02-}	0.0	ΔP_{02+}	0.0
-------------------------	-----------------	-----	------------------	-----	------------------	-----

P02 = average of all post-test Baseline pressures

P02- = average of negative post-test Baseline pressures

P02+ = average of positive post-test Baseline pressures

Note that P02- can be zero if there are no negative Baseline pressures in your data.

5.11 Temperature, final

Temperature, final	indoors	70 °F	outdoors	72 °F
--------------------	---------	-------	----------	-------

Enter the indoor and outdoor temperature after a test. The final temperature is to be entered after both the pressurization and depressurization sets. The indoor and outdoor temperature defaults to the initial temperature values entered previously, but they can be overwritten.

5.12 Results for the Set

Each Test standard has specific requirements for calculating the results from the measured flow through the fan required to reach the induced pressure points. The results of these calculations are shown for each data set, and then all sets are combined into a separate summary.

There are common elements for every data set, discussed in this section. The flows (corrected as required by the standard in use) are analyzed by FanTestic to create an ideal line on an Induced Pressure versus Flow graph using all the measurements. The “Error” for each flow shows how far away that point is from the ideal.

The flow coefficient, the flow coefficient, and the correlation all relate to the line created by FanTestic based on the measurements in this Set.

5.12.1 Air leakage results for the Set

Total flow, V_r [m ³ /h]		
Corrected flow rate [m ³ /h]		
Error [%]		

Correlation, r [%]		Confidence Limit 95%	
Intercept, C_{env} [m ³ /h·Pa ^{n}]			
Intercept, C_L [m ³ /h·Pa ^{n}]			
Slope, n			



Calculate



Clear data set



Clear point...

Calculate

Click “Calculate” to force FanTestic to go through all the readings in the set and calculate the results. Always click calculate before creating a report, to be sure that the latest information has been included.

5.12.1.1 Total flow

This is the volumetric flow rate corrected for each building gauge pressure test point to correspond to standard temperatures and pressures of 101.325 kPa, 20°C and 0% relative humidity. It is often known as V_r .

5.12.1.2 **Corrected flow rate**

This is the volumetric flow rate that occurred through the envelope at the environmental conditions present during the test. It is often known as V_{env} .

5.12.1.3 **Correlation, r**

This is a measure of how well the data fits the ideal line created from the data readings. This is a measure of how well the data fits the curve and must be between 98 and 100.

5.12.1.4 **Confidence Limit 95%**

This shows the 95% confidence limit (lower and upper limits) for each of the results. It means that 19 times out of 20 the results will statistically fall between the lower and upper limit.

5.12.1.5 **Intercept (C) and slope (n)**

A Building Leakage Curve (the ideal line) will be created after at least two points have been entered, which is used to estimate the leakage rate of the building at any pressure.

This curve will be more accurate (line of best fit) after at least three points have been entered. The Building Leakage Curve is defined by the following equation:

$Q = C \times P^n$ where:

Q is airflow (in CFM)

C is the Air Leakage Coefficient

P is the pressure difference between the inside and outside of the building

n is the slope of the building leakage curve

Example: calculate the airflow needed to create a 5 Pa pressure if:

$C = 110.2$ $n = 0.702$

Q , the airflow (at 5 Pa) = $110.2 \times 5^{0.702} = 341$ CFM.

It would take 341 CFM to cause a 5 Pa pressure change in this building.

5.12.1.6 **Intercept, C_{env}**

Data is curve fit to the formula $V_{env} = C_{env} * P^n$

5.12.1.7 **Intercept, C_L**

Used to calculate the V_{50} using the formula: $V_{50} = C_L * P^n$

5.12.2 Calculated results

There are a number of results that are available based on the flows recorded in the data set.

	Results	95% Confidence Interval	Uncertainty
Air flow at 50 Pa, V_{50} [m ³ /h]			
Air changes at 50 Pa, n_{50} [/h]			
Permeability at 50 Pa, v_{50} [m ³ /h-m ²]			
Specific leakage at 50 Pa, w_{50} [m ³ /h-m ²]			
Effective leakage area at 50 Pa, $EfLA_{50}$ [cm ²]			
Equivalent leakage area at 50 Pa [cm ²]			
Normalized leakage area at 50 Pa, NLA_{50} [cm ² /m ²]			

5.12.2.1 Air flow at 50 Pa

This value shows the airflow calculated from the curve fit at 50 Pa and corrected to the Standard Temperature and Pressure (STP) of 20 C and 101.325 kPa. This air flow is used to calculate the other results for this data Set.

This value is sometimes referred to as V_{50} .

5.12.2.2 95% Confidence Interval

This shows the 95% confidence limit (lower and upper limits) for each of the results. It means that 19 times out of 20 the results will statistically fall between the lower and upper limit.

5.12.2.3 Uncertainty

This shows the % error for each of the results.

5.12.2.4 Air changes at 50 Pa

The air change rate, also known as Air Changes per Hour (often ACH50 or n_{50}) is another commonly used measure of building air tightness. ACH50 is the number of complete air changes that will occur in one hour when a 50 Pascal pressure is applied across the building envelope.

ACH at 50 Pa is a useful method of adjusting (or normalizing) the leakage rate by the size (volume) of the building. If the building volume is not entered in the building dimensions section, "Air change rate" will not be calculated.

ACH at 50 Pa = (m³/h) / building volume in cubic metres

5.12.2.5 Permeability at 50 Pa

This is the measured flow result for this data set divided by the above grade building envelope surface area.

It is a useful method of adjusting (or normalizing) the leakage rate by the amount of envelope surface through which air leakage can occur.

Experience has shown that for buildings with a flow/surface area result of 1.0 or higher, very large cost-effective reductions in infiltration can often be achieved using door fan guided infiltration sealing and insulation techniques. In the 0.5 to 1.0 range, it is often more difficult to achieve economical improvements in airtightness.

If you did not enter an Envelope Area value in the building dimensions section, permeability will not be calculated.

5.12.2.6 Specific leakage flow at 50 Pa

Air flow at 50 divided by the area.

5.12.2.7 *Effective leakage area at 50 Pa*

5.12.2.8 *Equivalent leakage area at 50 Pa*

5.12.2.9 *Normalized leakage area at 50 Pa*

EqLa divided by the envelope area

5.13 Data set notes



You can type notes with details about anything that may have happened during this specific data set capture in the data entry box labeled “(add notes here)”.

5.14 Finish time

When you’ve finished a pressurization or depressurization test, enter the finish time of the test manually

or click .

6 Capture Data with an Automatic Test

6.1 Before performing the automatic test

The following videos demonstrate how to run an Automatic Test (using a DM-2 gauge and an early version of the software, but the concepts and explanations still apply).

[Prepare for an Auto-Test](#)

[Auto-Test Settings](#)

[Auto-Test Part 1](#)

[Auto-Test Part 2](#)

Before performing an automatic test, ensure:

- The panels, fans and gauges are set up properly. **Set the Device and Range on the gauge, because FanTestic will read this when the test starts.**
- Prior to the test, it is recommended to manually attempt to achieve the minimum and maximum pressures required for your automatic test, to ensure that your fan is on a range chosen so that you will not have to change range (if possible).
- Ensure that your gauge is displaying the correct device and correct range configuration. Adjust gauge settings to display flow. If TOO LOW appears, you must change to a lower range and try again since this will cause the test to pause (review quick guide for your system and see section 5.9.4).
- Make sure both the building pressures and flows can be achieved for the range of pressures required for your test before starting Auto-Test.

For the automatic test with DM-2 gauge you'll need:

- A computer with a High Speed USB2.0 port or better
- A cable to connect the USB on your computer to the mini USB on your DM-2A
- A speed control Ethernet style cable to connect your DM-2 to a Retrotec fan
- The Retrotec DM2DeviceDriver for USB2.0 High Speed and FanTestic installed

For the automatic test with DM32 gauge you'll need:

- A computer with an Ethernet port or WiFi capability
- A cable to connect the Ethernet port on your computer with the “Network” port on your DM32
- A speed control Ethernet style cable to connect your DM32 “Control” port to a Retrotec fan
- DM32 with Network Status set to Wired, WiFi Create or WiFi Join
- If WiFi Create mode is used, PC must successfully join the DM32 WiFi before starting the auto test
- FanTestic installed

Start FanTestic, create a new test, and ensure the test standard is being used is EN13829(Belgium) (see section 1.6).

The Settings should be reviewed because this will dictate how the automatic test is to be performed, see section 1.9. The default settings can be changed before any test.

Retrotec recommends starting at the highest possible target pressure and going down from there, as this will give the fastest test and will be the scenario most likely to have the entire test performed on the same Range.

6.2 Connect your Gauge to the Computer

6.2.1 DM-2 (use USB connection)

Check that the selected device matches the fan you are going to use for the test, and the correct range is chosen on the gauge to match what is installed on your fan.

Connect your DM-2 to the computer with the supplied USB to mini USB cable.

Note: The mini USB on the DM-2 is the control connection for automatic testing and is connected to the USB on the laptop or hub. The yellow Ethernet style connector is the Fan Speed Control Cable and is NOT used to connect the gauge with a computer or network, it simply goes between the DM-2 and the fan so the gauge can control the fan speed.

Note: If you have more gauges than the number of USB ports on your computer, you can purchase an actively powered USB HUB from an electronics store, which allows multiple USB inputs.

Also, any DM-2 gauge that is older than Firmware Version 3.0 requires an Active Powered USB2.0 High Speed HUB. In other words, DM-2 gauges with Firmware versions 3.0 and later may not require actively powered USB HUBs – The firmware version is displayed when you turn on the DM-2 gauge, and on the top line when you push [Setup].

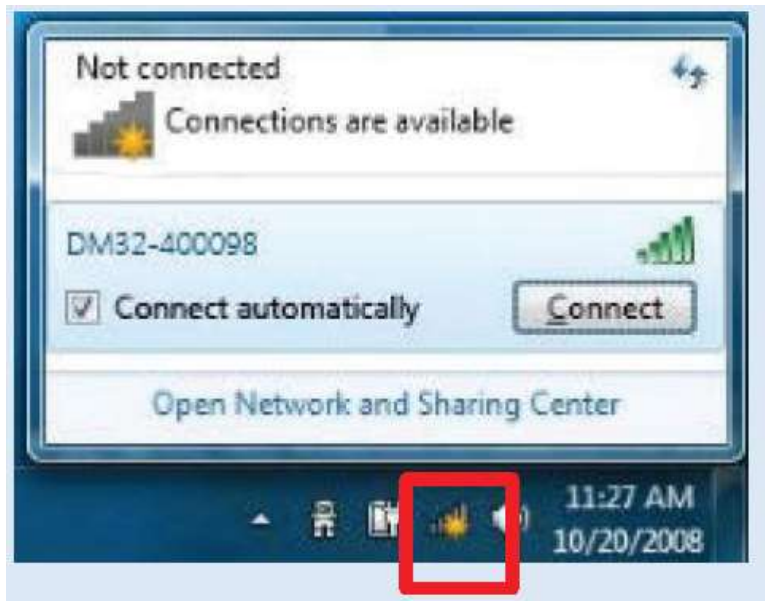
6.2.2 DM32 with WiFi connection

Turn your DM32 gauge on, and tap “Settings”, then tap the “...” key. Check that the setting key labeled “Network” reads “WiFi Create” in white text. If not, tap it and then tap “Status” until it reads “WiFi Create” then go back to the home screen. The DM32 gauge will create a WiFi hotspot that your computer can connect to.

Check that the selected device matches the fan you are going to use for the test, and the correct range is chosen on the gauge to match what is installed on your fan.

Connect your computer to the WiFi hotspot created by the DM32 gauge (when it is set with “Network” = “WiFi Create”) using your normal Wireless connection panel - same procedure you would use to connect to the wireless hotspot at the coffee shop).

Depending on your version of Windows, it will look something like:



See the connect computer section of the [DM32 WiFi QuickGuide](#) for more information.

6.2.3 DM32 with Wired Ethernet connection

Turn your DM32 gauge on, and tap “Settings”, then tap the “...” key. Check that the setting key labeled “Network” reads “Wired” in white text. If not, tap it and then tap “Status” until it reads “Wired”, then tap “Mode” until it reads “Static”, then go back to the home screen.

Check that the selected device matches the fan you are going to use for the test, and the correct range is chosen on the gauge to match what is installed on your fan.

Connect the blue Ethernet cable from the DM32 “Network” connection on the bottom of the gauge to the Ethernet connector on your computer.

The yellow Ethernet style connector is the Fan Speed Control Cable and is NOT used to connect the gauge with a computer or network, it simply goes between the DM32 port marked “Control” and the fan so the gauge can control the fan speed.

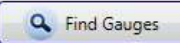
See the [DM32 QuickGuide](#) for more information.

6.3 Find connected gauges to use for the test

Look at your gauge(s) and be sure that the selected device matches the fan you are going to use for the test, and that the correct range is chosen on the gauge to match what is installed on your fan, since these values are what will be read in by the software.

If the Find Gauges and the Add Test Fan buttons are not present, that means there is already data in your test and you cannot change the devices connected to the test. In this case, start a new test.

The screenshot shows the 'Equipment' window in the FanTestic software. At the top, it displays 'Primary Gauge: DM32 S/N: 402102' and 'Primary Fan: Retrotec 3000SR S/N: pk889 (2 Fans connected:)'. Below this, there are two test configurations. Configuration #1 shows 'Gauge DM32' with S/N '402102' and IP '[10.1.2.158]', connected to a 'Retrotec 3000SR' fan. Configuration #2 shows 'Gauge DM-2' with S/N '206181' and IP '[USB0]', connected to a 'Retrotec 1000' fan. On the left, there is a 'Test technician' field with 'Colin Genge' and a 'Report Reference Number' field. Buttons for 'Find Gauges' and 'Add a Test Fan' are also visible.

Click the  button. The FanTestic software will find the gauges and fill in serial number automatically. The model of the fan will also be changed to whatever device is set on the gauge, but the serial number of the fan must be entered manually.

Fan Pressure Lines in the DataSet will be created for the Open range of the connected device.

If the range configuration is incorrect it can be changed in the software at any time after the test is complete.

6.4 Start the Auto-Test

This screenshot shows the test mode selection options. It says 'Choose one:' followed by two radio buttons: 'Enter data manually' (unselected) and 'Capture data automatically' (selected). Below these are two large green buttons: 'Begin AutoTest' and 'Begin Semi-Automatic Test'.

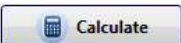
If the “Begin-Auto Test” button is not visible, click on the “Capture data automatically” choice. The software will ask if you want to lose any data entered.

If you have data entered in this data set that you wish to keep, start a new Data Set in which to capture your automatic data, and then in the NEW data set click on the “Capture data automatically” choice.

Click the “Begin AutoTest” button. FanTestic checks for the connected gauges, adds any needed Fan Pressure Lines based on the Range set in the gauge, then captures data automatically. New data will be displayed in the data set, and on the gauge display on a regular basis until the test is completed.

Extra Fan Pressure Lines that FanTestic does not add data into can be deleted at the end of the test.

The final temperature must be added manually in order to complete the test.

Data may be changed in any one of the green boxes such as building area or volume but you must click the  button when any input changes are made, to re-calculate the new results.

The Finish time will be filled in automatically at the end of the automatic test, unlike manual mode where it must be entered manually.

6.5 Changing the Range during an Automatic Test

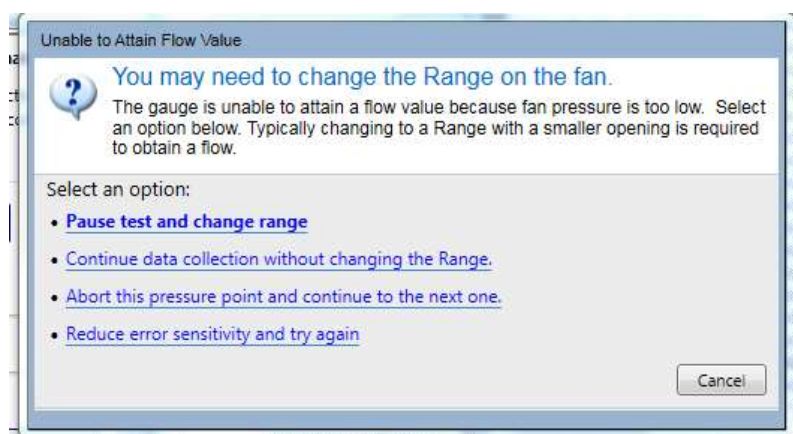
The same conditions may arise during an automatic test as in a manual test, for which the fan Range must be changed, see section 5.9.4.

If these conditions occur during the test, FanTestic will automatically pause the test and request the tester to change ranges.

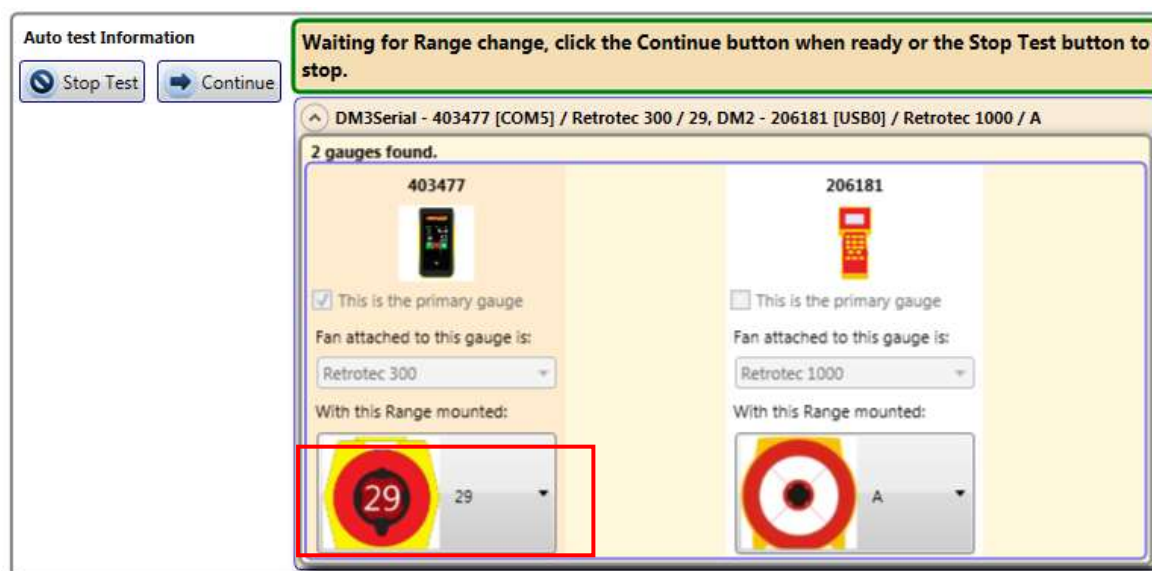
If the induced pressure target cannot be reached but the fan is at 100%, the following window will open asking you how to proceed:



If fan pressures become too low, %, the following window will open asking you how to proceed:



If you determine that you need to change the Range to complete the target point, click on “Pause test and change range”, then physically change the range on the fan, and change the Range showing on the gauge. You will see the following in the Test Dashboard.

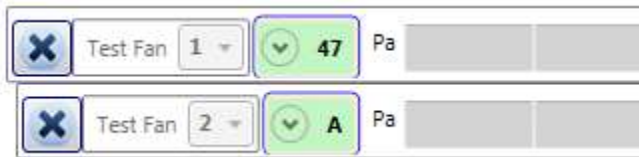


Use the dropdown box, highlighted in the image above, to select the new range.

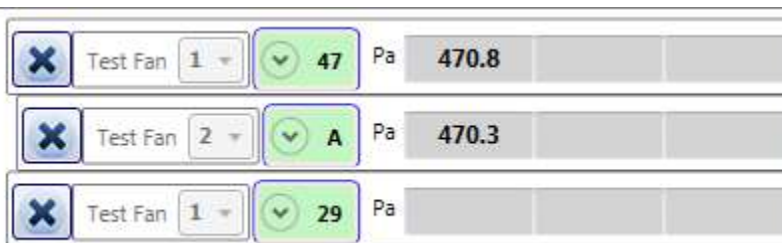


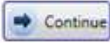
If you are close to your gauge, you will see the new range is set on the gauge, and the new range shows up in the Test Dashboard.

A new Fan Pressure line will be added to match the new range:



If there was data already in the fan pressure line for the first range, then you will see two fan pressure lines for the same fan:



Click  to continue the test on the new range.

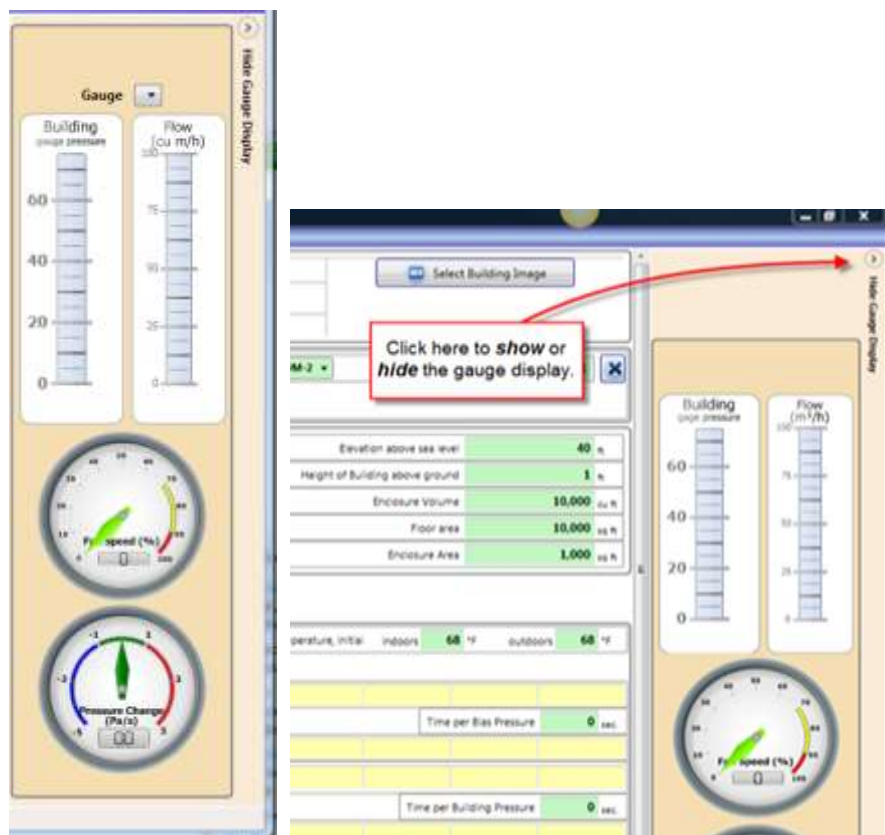
If fan pressure (or flow value) is too low to be in the valid calibrated region of the fan for the induced pressure point being measured, the digits will turn red at the row/column of the fan pressure line affected.

This is an indication that the point will have to be re-taken (use semi-automatic mode or start a new data set and start the whole test over).

6.6 View the Gauge Display during an automatic Test

FanTestic provides a Gauge Display while you run a test, which allow you to see your test in action. You can show or hide the gauge display by clicking on the arrow labeled either “Hide Gauge Display” or “Show Gauge Display” in the upper right hand corner of the FanTestic window.

For the duration of your test, virtual meters and gauges visually display the progression of the building’s pressure, the building’s pressure change rate, the fan’s air flow rate, and the fan’s speed



7 Capture data with a Semi-Automatic Test

NOTE: The Semi-Automatic Test mode is still in its developmental “beta” phase and has not been thoroughly tested by Retrotec. Use at your own risk.

7.1 Understanding the Semi-Automatic Test Mode

The Semi-Automatic Test feature allows you to capture data into the data set on the computer, with automatic control of the gauge.

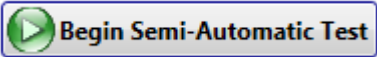
This feature provides a way to take test points under user-defined conditions, and at intervals of time that are also user-defined. It is as if a manual test was being completed, but instead of physically writing down the results from the gauge screen, the software program will record values more accurately and calculate results, like it does during an automatic test.

This feature will also allow a tester to repeat a test point that may have gone awry for whatever reason during an automatic test, by selecting the appropriate input cell point and re-taking that data point.

7.2 How to use the Semi-Automatic Test feature

If the “Begin Semi-Automatic Test” button is not visible, click on the “Capture data automatically” choice. The software will ask if you want to lose any data entered.

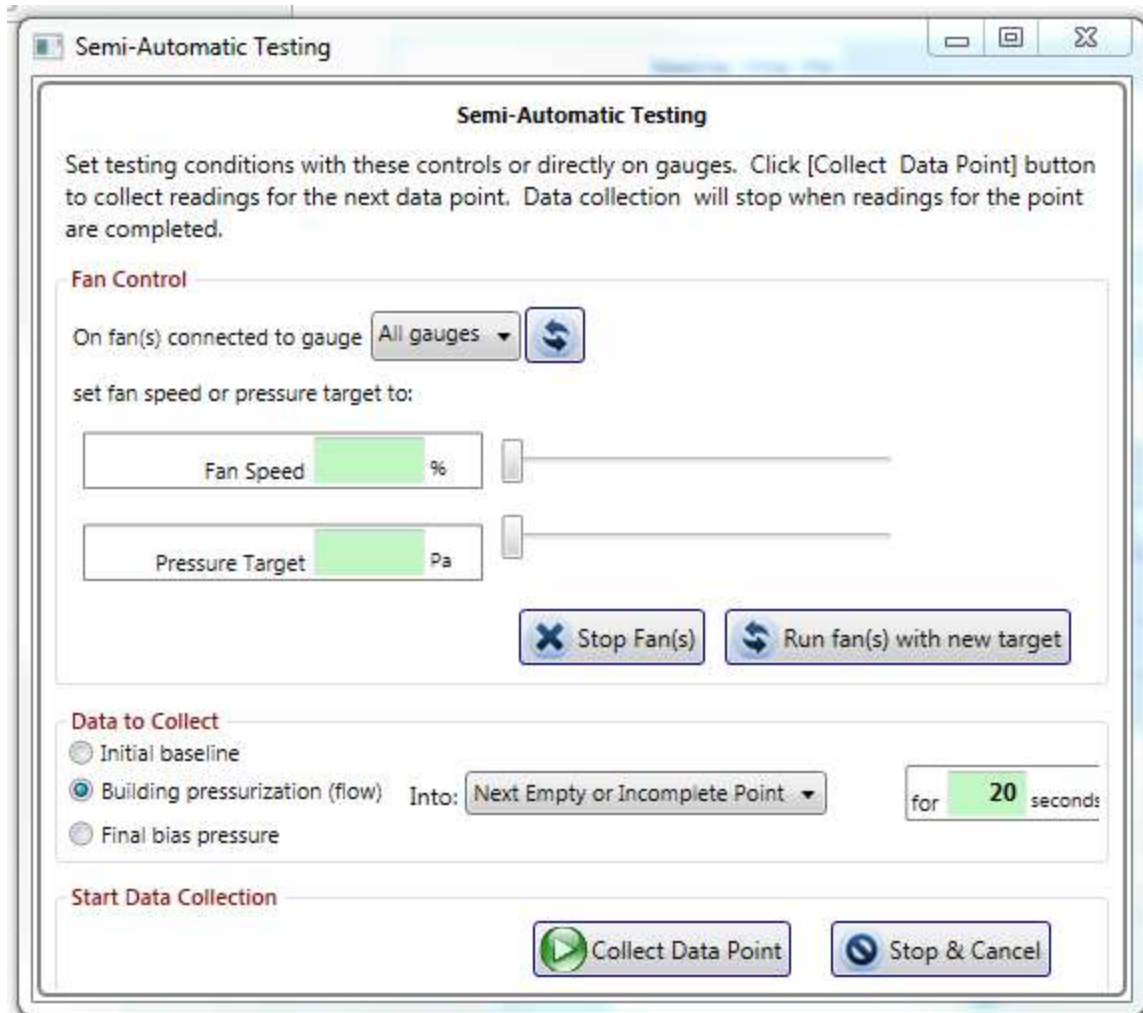
If you have data entered in this data set that you wish to keep, start a new Data Set in which to capture your automatic data, and then in the NEW data set click on the “Capture data automatically” choice.

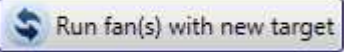
Click . Click [OK] to accept the warning message “The Semi-Automatic Test mode is still in its developmental “beta” phase and has not been thoroughly tested by Retrotec. Use at your own risk.”

FanTastic will search for attached gauges and make sure they are sending and receiving data. The Test Dashboard that you use in Automatic Testing is used in Semi-Auto as well to provide you information about the state of the test and gauges. Once gauges are found, the information will display in the Test Dashboard:

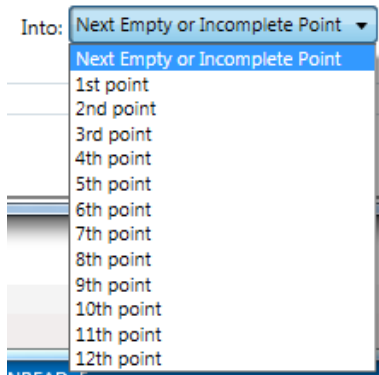
A small window called “Semi-Automatic Testing” will then pop up that will act as the control window for the semi-automatic data collection option.

You will control either “All gauges” or a single gauge by serial number, by choosing the appropriate item in the first dropdown.



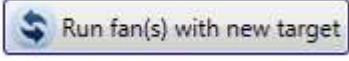

Fans can be controlled to reach a target pressure either by setting the speed, or by setting the target building pressure. Enter the target fan speed or building pressure into the appropriate green box, or use the slider to increase/decrease the speed and/or pressure. Click  to start the fans at the speed/pressure selected, or to update them if the speed or pressure value has been changed.

Determine what type of point is to be taken (bias pressure initial or final, or building pressure). This point can be put into the next empty or incomplete cell in FanTestic. You can choose also which of the 12 cells to put it in by selecting the appropriate choice in the drop-down box:




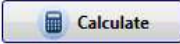
If taking bias pressures:

choose Initial baseline or Final bias pressure, set the fan speed to zero or set the pressure target to 0

and click , and then click .

If you are going to collect data, do not click Stop Fan(s) to set the fan speed to zero, because that tells the Test Dashboard in FanTestic that the Semi-Auto window is not doing any more data collecting.

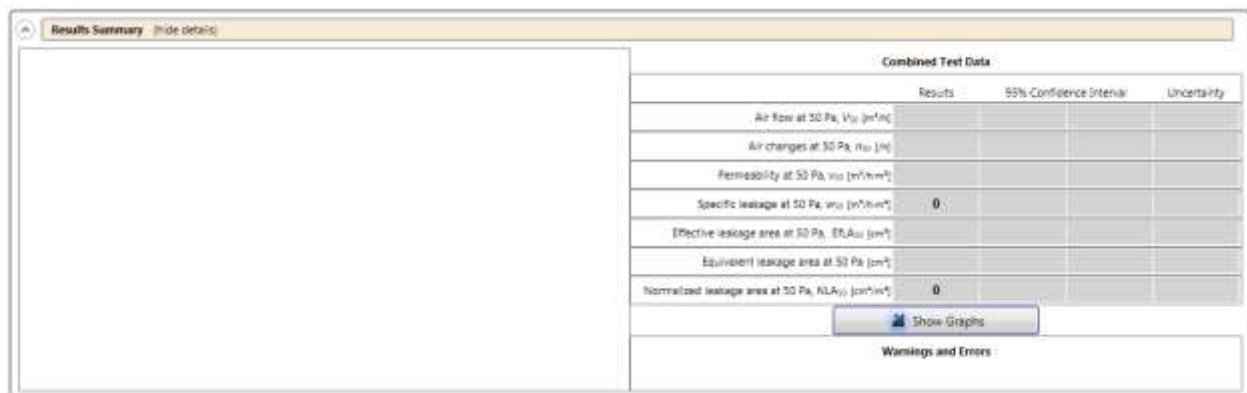
Once the Test Dashboard says that the building pressure has been achieved, or you are satisfied with the fan speed you can collect induced pressures. Click the  button to have the target data point captured in the software program. If pressure has not been attained in the Test Dashboard, you will get a message telling you to wait.

Back in the Data Set, data may be changed in any one of the grey or green boxes but you must click the  button when any input changes are made including by the capture of a new target point, to re-calculate the new results.


The Finish time will be filled in automatically when you close the semi-automatic window.

8 Summary Test Results

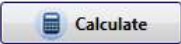
The “Results Summary” section includes the summarized results from all the data sets in the Test file, and a place for notes about the overall test.



Combined Test Data			
	Results	95% Confidence Interval	Uncertainty
Air flow at 50 Pa, V_{50} [m ³ /s]			
Air changes at 50 Pa, n_{50} [1/h]			
Permeability at 50 Pa, w_{50} [m ² /h·m]			
Specific leakage at 50 Pa, w_{50} [m ³ /h·m ²]	0		
Effective leakage area at 50 Pa, $E_{A_{50}}$ [m ²]			
Equivalent leakage area at 50 Pa [m ²]			
Normalized leakage area at 50 Pa, $n_{LA_{50}}$ [m ² /h·m ²]	0		



Warnings and Errors

Click  in any data set if any data has been changed in order to calculate and view the current results.

Any calculation warnings that are generated are shown at the bottom right of the Summary under “Warnings and Errors”.

8.1 Building envelope notes and deviations from test method

(add notes here)

The tester can note any areas of major leakage in the building envelope, note the setup conditions for the test, and any deviations from standard methods.

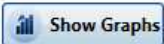
8.2 Summary Results – combined average of test data sets


If both depressurization and pressurization test sets are completed, the results will be provided as an average of all the data set results. The average of the results from each test set are used to create the entries in the summary table.

The reason behind performing an air leakage test in both directions is to average out any potential pressure problems there might be in one direction over the other (like blowing open a damper in one direction, but sucking it closed in the other).

Combined Test Data				
	Results	95% Confidence Interval		Uncertainty
Air flow at 50 Pa, V_{50} [m ³ /h]				
Air changes at 50 Pa, n_{50} [/h]				
Permeability at 50 Pa, v_{50} [m ³ /h-m ²]				
Specific leakage at 50 Pa, w_{50} [m ³ /h-m ²]	0			
Effective leakage area at 50 Pa, $EfLA_{50}$ [cm ²]				
Equivalent leakage area at 50 Pa [cm ²]				
Normalized leakage area at 50 Pa, NLA_{50} [cm ² /m ²]	0			

8.3 View Graph of Summary Results

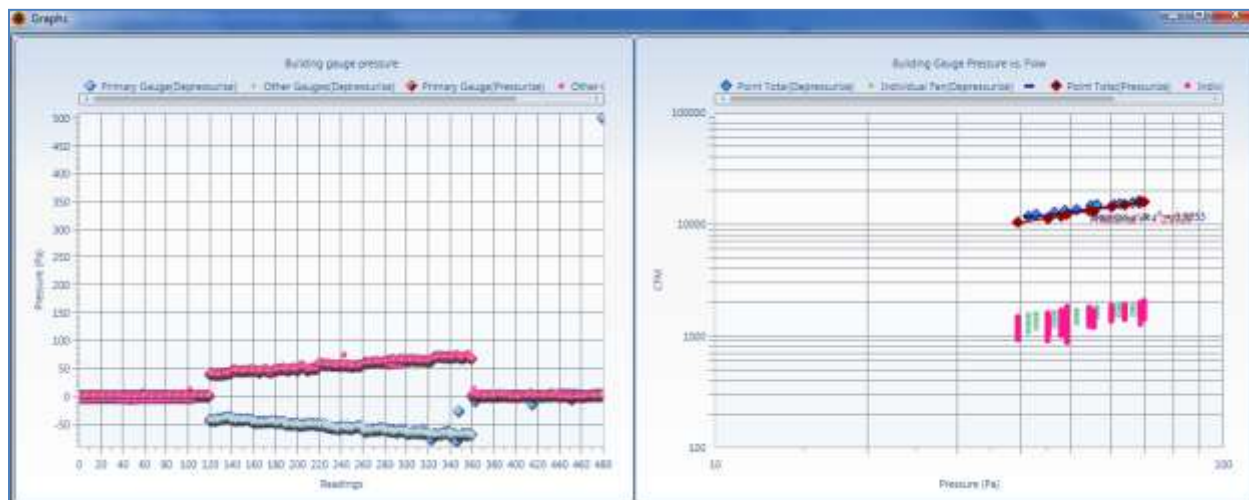
FanTestic provides a graphical display of the test data collected, opened by clicking the  button in the Summary Results section below the combined Mean or Reduction calculated test results.

 Show Graphs

Warnings and Errors

The graphs will open in a new window that can be opened and closed at any time. Two graphs will be displayed.

The graph on the left shows the pressure readings (Pa) from the gauges. The graph on the right shows the total fan flow rate (CFM or other flow units) plotted against building pressure on a logarithmic scale. The right hand graph also shows the ideal (regression) line based on the data points, and the individual flow rates from all the fans that are included in the total.



9 Use the Test results

9.1 Open an existing Test file

To open a test file that has already been completed and saved, there are several options:

- The main opening screen for FanTestic displays can display previously completed tests in the “Test History” pane on the left hand side (with a photo of the building, if it was included when the test file was created). If you have this option turned on (“Test History” → “AutoHide” not enabled), the list will remain open on the left at all times. Click the name of the test file you would like to open.
- Click on “File” → “Open” and a pop-up Windows Explorer window will display all tests all tests in the [MyDocuments]\Retrotec\Tests directory which have the file extension “.exml”.
- Click on “Test History” → “Show” – the left hand list of all saved tests will appear, the same as the one displayed on the opening screen for FanTestic.

If you open an existing test with AutoSave turned on, and make changes, your original file will be changed and saved in the changed state and will not be recoverable. It is always best to work on a copy of an older test so that the original data is always available.

9.2 Save results to a test file (.exml)

When a new test file is created, it is automatically named based on the Standard used (EN13829BE) and the date (yyyy-MM-dd) and time (HHmm) that the file was created, and it has a file extension of .exml.

For example, “EN13829-BE 2014-02-28 1642.exml” would be the name of the file created at 16:42 (4:42pm) on the 28th day of February in the year 2014.

When you click “File” → “Save”, FanTestic stores test data into that file.

Test files are normally saved on your local drive under [MyDocuments]\Retrotec\Tests.

Test data can be automatically saved at periodic intervals by turning the Auto Save function on (“File” → “Auto save?”).

Turn AutoSave Off if you wish to double click to launch test files attached to emails.

9.3 Save As to save results to a different file

FanTestic can store test data (“File” → “Save As”), which creates a new test file with the same name as the current test file but with the current date (yyyy-mm-dd) and time (HHMM) added at the end. The new file is normally saved in your MyDocuments\Retrotec\Tests folder.

For example, using the original test file “EN13829-BE 2014-02-28 1642.fxml”, if we do a “File” → “Save As” at 10:42am on the 3rd of March 2014, the new file will have the suggested file name: “EN13829-BE 2014-02-28 1642 [2014-03-03 1042].fxml”.

The “SaveAs” function makes it convenient to save the original test and keep it intact, but have a second “Save As” copy in which to manipulate parameters without affecting the original test.

The “SaveAs” copy of the file may be changed without affecting the original test data, but the two files are visually linked via the filename.

9.4 Print the Test as a Print-Screen

FanTestic will print the data as-is, i.e. only what is on the interface screen.

Click on “File” → “Print”, and you can either generate a PDF document or print a paper copy using the printer functions in Windows.

The “Print” function essentially prints a screen shot of the FanTestic interface with each of the expander sections open, even if you cannot see all of the expander information on the screen at once.

Alternatively, and more effectively, you can generate a report from the data and print the report, see section 10.

10 Create a report from the Test results in MS Word

FanTestic includes a built-in template to generate reports for test results, each template specific to a test standard (such as EN13829(Belgium)). Users can customize the templates, and can have several different templates for each standard if they wish. Before generating a report, FanTestic will ask the user to choose the template from which to generate the report.

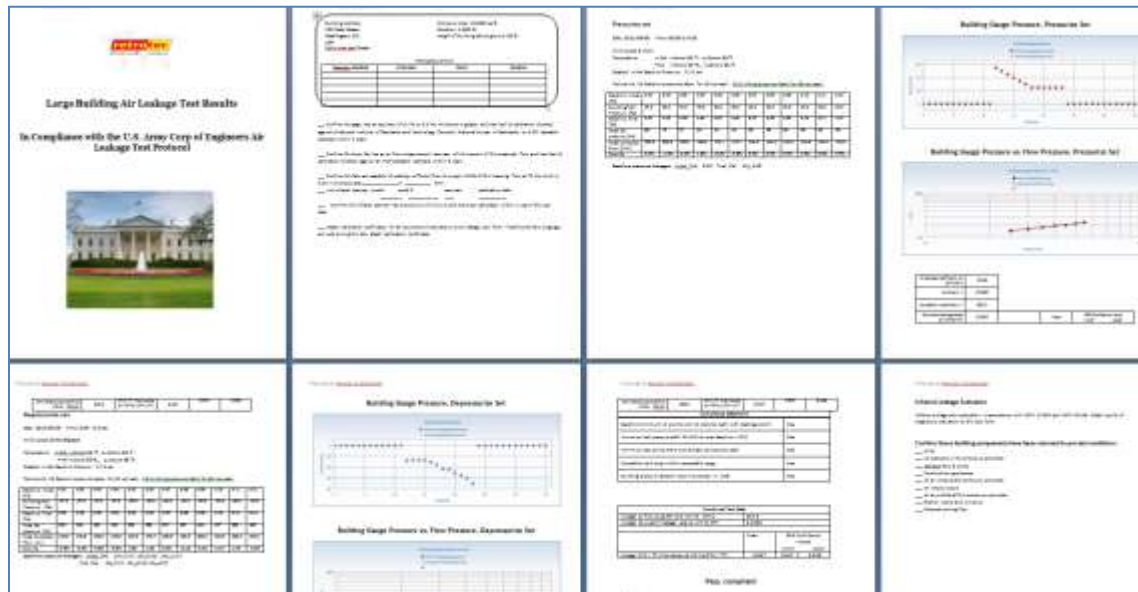
The report generation function is only available if you have a valid, non-expired license for FanTestic. If you do not have such a license, you will be limited to seeing results on the screen.

10.1 Generate Report

To generate a report, click on “File” → “Generate Report (docx file – MS Word)”.

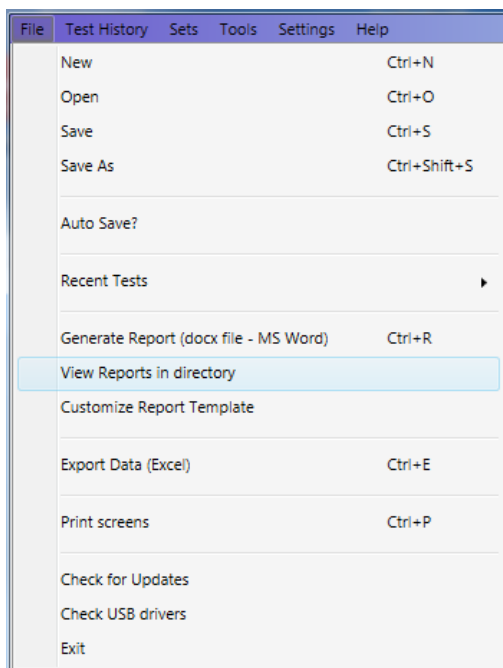
FanTestic will ask you to choose the template to use for the report, and then generate and automatically open a Word document containing the data and results from your test. The generated report will be saved in your [MyDocuments]\Retrotec\Reports folder with the name you choose.

Once the Word document is open, you can edit and print it directly, or create a PDF using the functions of MS Word.



10.2 View listing of reports

Click on “File” → “View Reports in directory”.



Windows File Explorer will open on your [MyDocuments]\Retrotec\Reports directory. You can then open any of the report (.docx) files that appear.

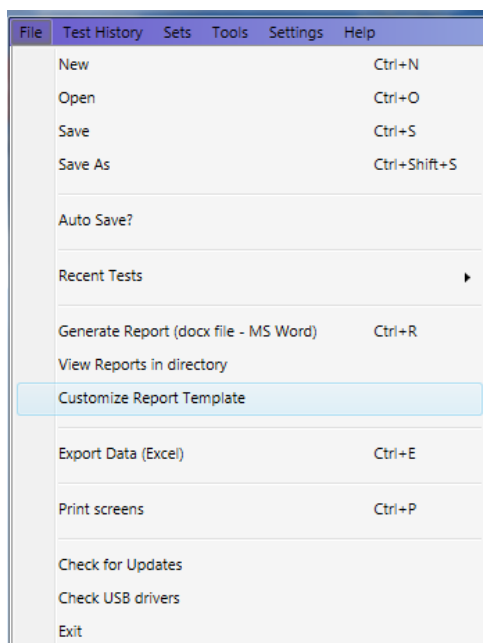
10.3 Customize the way your Report looks

Because the report is created by copying a template document and replacing tags with the actual test data, reports are customizable in Microsoft Word with FanTestic.

EN13829(Belgium) test reports in English are generated using the template called “EN13829BE-en.docx” which will be located in the [MyDocuments]\Retrotec\Templates directory after you have created at least one report. To generate a report, FanTestic creates a copy of the template with the report name chosen and goes through the template, replacing any of the words surrounded by {} with specific test results or words. Those words surrounded by {} are known as “tags”.

Users customize the report output by changing the text in the template file that is used to create the Word document, and as long as the tags remain somewhere in the template, test data will be output to the generated document, replacing those tags.

If you want to create a language specific report, to match the language you use in the user interface, you can translate the template and call it “EN13829BE-xx.docx” where xx is replaced with the country identifier. Some templates are already provided in translation, and if so, they will automatically be chosen for you if you have changed the language to use in FanTestic.



To start customizing a template, click on “File” → “Customize Report Template”.

Windows Explorer will open on the [MyDocuments]\Retrotec\Templates directory so you can choose a template to edit. FanTestic will then copy the chosen template to a new document called “xxxxxx_To_Customize [yyyy-MM-dd hhmm].docx” and open that for you to edit.

The report generation and template editing functions are only available if you have a valid, non-expired license for FanTestic Integrity. If you do not have such a license, you will be limited to seeing results on the screen.

For full details on customizing your report, and a reference of all the available tags, see the separate manual:

[Manual-FanTestic-How to Customize Generated Reports.pdf](#)

11 Export Data to MS Excel

FanTestic includes a template for raw data to be exported to Microsoft Excel, in order to view all readings that went into each averaged test point.

To export data, click “File” → “Export Data (Excel)”. This process takes a few minutes, especially for large files, so allow it to process even if it appears to be frozen.

Once completed, an Excel spreadsheet document will open containing all data readings taken during the test. These will be stored in the same location as the reports ([MyDocuments]\Retrotec\Reports), but will have the file extension .xlsx.

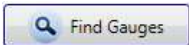
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O
118							26.0	(manual R				-27	2011-06-08 8:23:05 AM		
119							26.0	m3/hr	240	141.2587		0	2011-06-08 8:23:04 AM		
120			240	141.2587	-27	27									
121							30.4545455	0	(manual R			-27	2011-06-08 8:23:11 AM		
122							30.4545455	0	m3/hr	240	141.2587		0	2011-06-08 8:23:06 AM	
123			240	141.2587	-27	27									
124							34.9090909	0	(manual R			-27	2011-06-08 8:23:15 AM		
125							34.9090909	0	m3/hr	240	141.2587		0	2011-06-08 8:23:08 AM	
126			240	141.2587	-26.9797	26.9797									
127							35.3636364	0	(manual R			-26.9797	2011-06-08 8:23:24 AM		
128							35.3636364	0	m3/hr	240	141.2587		0	2011-06-08 8:24:00 AM	
129			262	154.2074	-30	30									
130							41.8181818	0	(manual R			-30	2011-06-08 8:23:27 AM		
131							41.8181818	0	m3/hr	262	154.2074		0	2011-06-08 8:24:02 AM	
132			285	167.7447	-35	35									
133							48.2727273	0	(manual R			-35	2011-06-08 8:23:29 AM		
134							48.2727273	0	m3/hr	285	167.7447		0	2011-06-08 8:24:06 AM	
135			317	186.5792	-43	43									
136							52.7272727	0	(manual R			-43	2011-06-08 8:23:32 AM		
137							52.7272727	0	m3/hr	317	186.5792		0	2011-06-08 8:24:10 AM	
138			321	188.9335	-44	44									
139							57.1818182	0	(manual R			-44	2011-06-08 8:23:37 AM		
140							57.1818182	0	m3/hr	321	188.9335		0	2011-06-08 8:24:14 AM	
141			344	202.4708	-50	50									
142							61.6363636	0	(manual R			-50	2011-06-08 8:23:40 AM		
143							61.6363636	0	m3/hr	344	202.4708		0	2011-06-08 8:24:19 AM	
144			377	221.8938	-55	55									
145							66.0909091	0	(manual R			-55	2011-06-08 8:23:42 AM		
146							66.0909091	0	m3/hr	377	221.8938		0	2011-06-08 8:24:23 AM	
147			390	229.5453	-60	60									
148							70.5454545	0	(manual R			-60	2011-06-08 8:24:08 AM		
149							70.5454545	0	m3/hr	390	229.5453		0	2011-06-08 8:24:25 AM	
150			405	238.374	-70	70									
151							75.0	0	(manual R			-70	2011-06-08 8:24:12 AM		
152							75.0	0	m3/hr	405	238.374		0	2011-06-08 8:24:29 AM	
153			Static after												
154			0	0	0.01	0.01									
155							bios1	0	(bias)			0.01	2011-06-08 8:22:54 AM		
156			0	0	0.02	0.02									
157							bios1	0	(bias)			0.02	2011-06-08 8:15:33 AM		

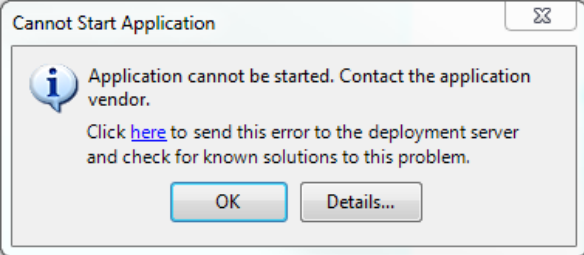
For details on customizing your output to Excel, and a reference of all the available tags, see the separate manual:

[Manual-FanTestic-How to Customize Generated Reports.pdf](#)

12 Troubleshooting

Problem	Solution
Cannot generate reports in FanTestic	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Make sure you are using the most recent version of Microsoft Word (2007 or greater)

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If you are using an earlier version (2003 or earlier), please download a free compatibility pack here that will allow you to open/edit/save Word 2007 documents. • If this does not fix the problem, contact us.
Cannot find gauges with DM-2 connected – DM-2-to-computer connection is not functional	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • You must download the DM-2 USB driver from Retrotec’s website in order to get the computer to recognize the DM2 gauge. You can access this driver here. • Make sure to first right click “DM2deviceinstaller” exe and select Run as administrator to install it, instead of double-clicking the file. • If the driver is downloaded and functional, unplug the DM-2 from the computer, power it off, turn it back on after 10 seconds, and re-plug it back in. <p>Try the  button once more.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Try plugging the DM-2 into an active powered USB hub (with hub plugged into mains power)
Cannot find gauges using DM-2 with firmware older than version 3.0 (The version is displayed when you turn on the DM-2 gauge, and on the top line when you push [Setup].)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Any DM-2 gauge that is older than Firmware Version 3.0 requires an Active Powered USB HUB, with hub plugged into mains power.
Find Gauges with DM-2 gauges results in a message containing the phrase “Error 5: Access Denied”	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • You must run FanTestic as Administrator • See the document: Solve DM-2 Access Denied Errors
Intermittent DM-2 connection over USB	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Try plugging the DM-2 into an active powered USB hub (with hub plugged into mains power) • Try running both the laptop and the DM-2 from batteries, not plugged into any external power source
If after doing an update or install, you get the following notification:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Click ok on the error, delete the old ADMIN shortcut and

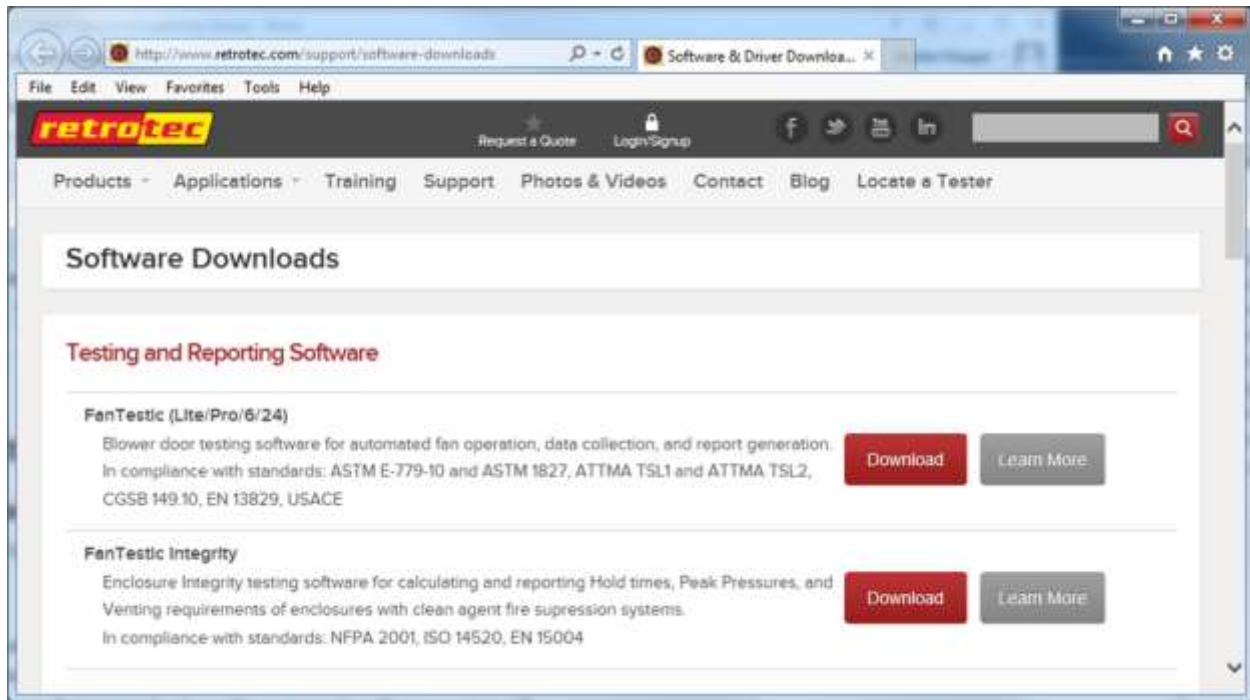
 <p>This means that you had a previous version of FanTestic that was set up to “Run as Administrator”, likely to allow connection to the DM-2 gauges for automatic control over the USB port.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • create a new shortcut as described in the Solve DM-2 Access Denied Errors if you need to control DM-2 gauges • use the newly created shortcut if you are not using DM-2 gauges
<p>Unable to find gauges with DM32 connected to USB port of laptop</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Try plugging the DM32 into an active powered USB hub (with hub plugged into mains power). Some new laptops do not provide enough power on the USB port. • Use the Ethernet port on the DM32 for automatic control instead of the USB

If you experience a problem that you cannot fix by troubleshooting, make sure you have the latest version of FanTestic software installed, and that your Microsoft Windows has all the service packs and updates installed (including .NET 4).

To install the latest automatically, connect to the internet and restart FanTestic – if there has been an update since your current version, you will be prompted to download the latest updates.

However, if you have been using FanTestic running in Administrator mode, the “Check for Updates” may not work correctly. To be sure you have the latest, you should go to the Retrotec website:

<http://retrotec.com/support/software-downloads:>



Then click on the Download button beside FanTestic. That will open a webpage which will show that latest version. If this version is different than what you have installed, you should use Control Panel to uninstall FanTestic from your computer and proceed to install the new version as described in section 1.3.

13 Contact Tech Support

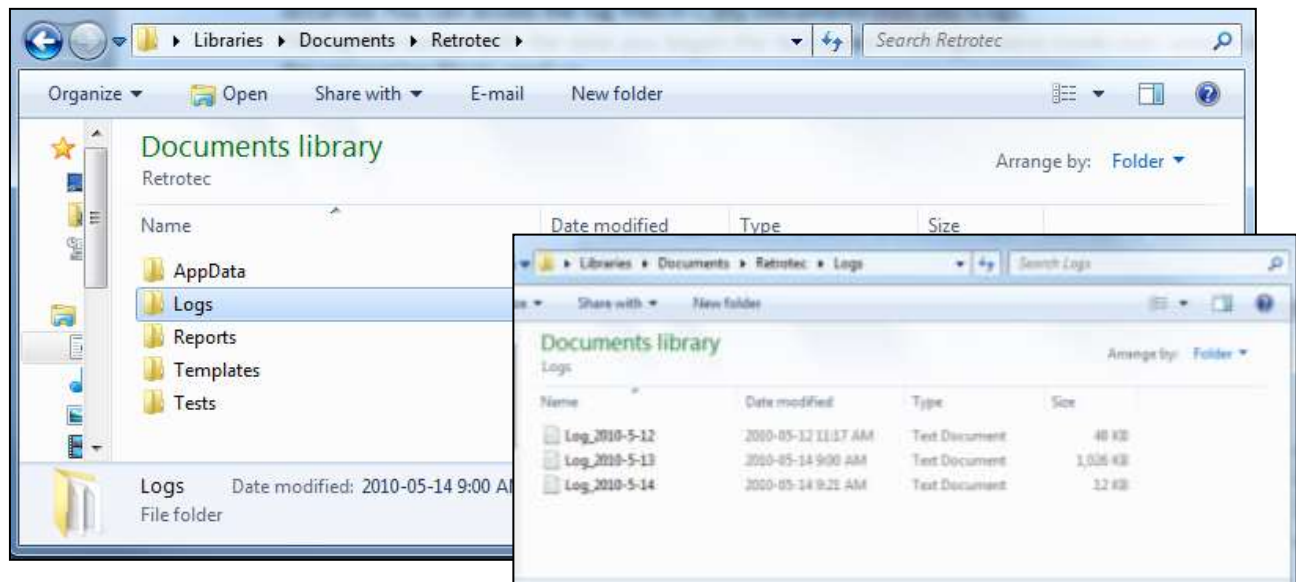
If you are still having problems even after updating to the latest software version and updating your Windows with all patches, follow these steps:

For Technical Support or to send suggestions, create an email to support@retrotec.com

If you have encountered a bug which makes FanTestic crash, create an email to: bugs@retrotec.com

In your email, describe the problem and when it occurs, and attach the following:

- The standard are you using (click “Settings” → “Change Standard” to check)
- Log file from [My Documents]\Retrotec\Logs
- Test file you are using, file extension .xml
- Settings.xml file [My Documents]\Retrotec\AppData
- A screenshot of the software running or having the error
- the version of Microsoft Office you are using
- The version of Microsoft Windows you are using



13.1 The log file

Each test has an associated log file that is saved on your C: drive, in the Retrotec folder. These logs will help Retrotec to determine where the problem occurred. You can access the log files in your local drive, in [My Documents]\Retrotec\Logs.

A new log file is created for each day, named Log_yyyy-MM-dd.txt. If you leave FanTestic running over the course of multiple days, the log file will have the date of the day when FanTestic was initially started. The correct log file to send will be named with the date you began the test (even if changes were made over several days).

13.2 The .exml test file

Test files with extension .exml can be found in the My Documents\Retrotec\Tests folder, and are saved in the same fashion as log files. The name of the .exml file is the date you began the test. Send the .exml file with the same name/date as the log file.

13.3 Settings file

The Settings.xml file is found in your [My Documents]\Retrotec\AppData folder, and contains information troubleshooting personnel can use to diagnose the problem.

13.4 A screenshot

Screenshots are a way to show our tech support staff what your error looks like on your screen. This will help us, along with the background information (log and .exml files), to determine the best approach to fix the problem.

Current versions of Microsoft Windows include the “Snipping Tool” which can be used to make a screen snip of the window or of an area of a window on the screen. The image will be on the Windows clipboard as if it has been “copied” so you can just “paste” it into an email.

In older versions you may need to create a document and then capture an image of the screen you are currently looking at, by pressing the [Print Scrn] button on your keyboard. In order to attach this image as a file for us to view, you must paste it into a document.

To do this, in the open Microsoft Word or Paint document, right click on your mouse and select Paste (or Edit → Paste). The captured image of your screen should appear in the document. You can now save this document and include it as an attachment when you submit your information to us.

14 Compliance with STS-P 71-3 (EN13829 Belgium)

The FanTestic calculation tool is tested according to the specification in annex 1 of STS-P 71-3.

14.1 Depressurization

Using a Retrotec fan and gauge, with gauge and operator located indoors, red tube from gauge going through the panel to outdoors, blue port open to the room pressure.

θ_i [°C]	θ_e [°C]
22.2	21.2

Δp_{01} [Pa]	Δp_{02} [Pa]
0.13	-0.36

Δp_m [Pa]	V_r [m³/h]
-9.98	241
-19.86	418.1
-29.88	541.8
-39.95	621.9
-50.02	707.8
-59.97	792.9
-69.96	868.4
-79.95	941.6
-89.88	1012.1
-99.88	1088.3

$\rho_i / \rho_e = (\theta_e + 273.15) / (\theta_i + 273.15)$	0.997
$\rho_e / \rho_0 = (\theta_0 + 273.15) / (\theta_e + 273.15)$	0.996
ρ_c / ρ_i using full density calculation for ρ_i	1.10016
ρ_c = air density at calibration of fan	1.19884 used by retrotec
ρ_0 = air density at STP specified in standard	1.2041

$V_m = V_r (\rho_c / \rho_i)^{0.5}$

Note: The formula for V_m is not indicated by the standard, it is specified by the manufacturer, so this formula is valid for Retrotec fans.

$ \Delta p $	$\ln \Delta p $	V_m	V_{env}	$\ln V_{env}$
--------------	------------------	-------	-----------	---------------

[Pa]	[-]	[m ³ /h]	[m ³ /h]	[-]
9.87		241.374	240.56	
19.75		418.749	417.33	
29.77		542.641	540.80	
39.84		622.865	620.76	
49.91		708.898	706.50	
59.86		794.130	791.44	
69.85		869.747	866.80	
79.84		943.061	939.87	
89.77		1013.67	1010.2	
99.77		1089.99	1086.3	

C_{env} [m ³ /h. Pa ⁿ]	n [-]	C_L [m ³ /h. Pa ⁿ]	V_{50} [m ³ /h]
60.892	0.628	60.799	708.60

Note: The notations «V» with the point above in the standard are replaced here by «V» without point above.

14.2 Pressurization

Using a Retrotec fan and gauge, with gauge and operator located indoors, red tube from gauge going through the panel to outdoors, blue port open to the room pressure.

θ_i [°C]	θ_e [°C]
22.0	21.1

Δp_{01} [Pa]	Δp_{02} [Pa]
-0.93	-0.30

Δp_m [Pa]	V_r [m ³ /h]
9.90	305.7
17.88	418.6
30.06	543.7
40.07	641.9
50.04	726.0
60.02	819.0
69.98	897.3

80.13	969.7
90.26	1035.4
100.06	1095.8

$\rho_e / \rho_i = (\theta_i + 273.15) / (\theta_e + 273.15)$	1.003
$\rho_i / \rho_0 = (\theta_0 + 273.15) / (\theta_i + 273.15)$	0.993
$\rho_0 / \rho_e = (\theta_e + 273.15) / (\theta_0 + 273.15)$	1.004
ρ_c / ρ_e using full density calculation for ρ_e	0.99985
ρ_c = air density at calibration of fan	1.19884 used by retrotec
ρ_0 = air density at STP specified in standard	1.2041

$V_m = V_r (\rho_c / \rho_e)^{0.5}$

Note: The formula for V_m is not indicated by the standard, it is specified by the manufacturer, so this formula is valid for Retrotec fans.

$ \Delta p $ [Pa]	$\ln \Delta p $ [-]	V_m [m ³ /h]	V_{env} [m ³ /h]	$\ln V_{env}$ [-]
10.5150		305.656	306.69	
18.4950		418.539	419.96	
30.6750		543.621	545.47	
40.6850		641.807	643.99	
50.6550		725.894	728.76	
60.6350		818.881	821.66	
70.5950		897.170	900.22	
80.7450		969.559	972.85	
90.8750		1035.250	1038.8	
100.6750		1095.640	1099.4	

C_{env} [m ³ /h. Pa ⁿ]	n [-]	C_L [m ³ /h. Pa ⁿ]	V_{50} [m ³ /h]
79.409	0.569	79.153	732.17

Note: The notations «V» with the point above in the standard are replaced here by «V» without point above.